

FEBRUARY 6, 2023

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

DISASTER OF THE CENTURY





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Kahramanmaraş Earthquakes
Disaster of the Century

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INTRODUCTION

On February 6, 2023, Türkiye experienced the earthquakes described as the “disaster of the century” that caused the most loss of life, destruction and suffering in the history of the Republic. The first earthquake with a magnitude of 7.7, which we experienced at 04.17 in the Pazarcık district of Kahramanmaraş, and the second earthquake with a magnitude of 7.6 centred in Elbistan, which occurred approximately 9 hours later, caused destruction in 62 districts and 10 thousand 190 villages in 11 provinces that day.

From the first moment of the earthquake, we have mobilised all our resources as the state and as the nation. We have directed all the search and rescue, aid and support capacities of our ministries, institutions and organisations to the earthquake area. We quickly dispatched professional search and rescue teams responding to our international call for help with nearly 11,500 personnel from 90 countries, including NATO and the European Union, to the field. Thus, with a total of 35 thousand people, we assembled an unprecedented search and rescue force in the world. A total of over 270,000 public servants and volunteers, including aid and support personnel, took on duty in the earthquake area. We lived through a period during which approximately half a million people came to the aid of earthquake survivors. The historic solidarity demonstrated by our nation in these difficult days has enhanced our confidence for the future. We see a solidarity that will set an example to the world, where all the needs of our people affected by the earthquake, from shelter to food and clothing, are met collaboratively. Thankfully, at the end of four weeks, we reached a point where we completed the search and rescue efforts, addressed the housing and food issues, and the debris removal efforts are ongoing at a rapid pace. Meanwhile, we want to relocate our people

to their new residences as soon as possible. This is why our top priority is seeing our people settled into their new homes, where they can live in safety and harmony as quickly as possible. Our goal is to start the construction of 244 thousand houses and 75 thousand village houses in the next two months. According to the current planning, we aim to build 488 thousand new houses in total, including 405 thousand residences and 83 thousand village houses and deliver them to our citizens within one year.

We cannot bring back our citizens who lost their lives in the earthquake, but we have the resolve and power to remedy all the destruction and damage. At the moment, we are focused on healing the wounds in the earthquake area and quickly remedying all the losses of the country. While planning the reconstruction and revival of the earthquake areas, along with material remedy, we also attach importance to the treatment of wounds opened in our souls, that is, to fortify our spiritual strength. With the lessons we have learned and the motivation given by our confidence in our future, we can turn this great disaster we have experienced as a nation into an occasion for a bigger breakthrough.

Once again, I extend my wishes for a quick recovery to our nation, wish mercy on our citizens who lost their lives in the earthquake, and offer my condolences to their families and loved ones and wish them patience.



PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF TÜRKİYE
RECEP TAYYİP ERDOĞAN



PREFACE

As Türkiye, we experienced very large earthquakes on February 6, 2023, one after the other, not only in terms of the country but also in terms of human history. The pain of our citizens who passed away in the earthquakes, which have been described as the “disaster of the century,” broke our hearts, and the lives of millions of our people were severely disrupted. While we mobilised all of our resources as a state from the beginning to heal the wounds of our people, our beloved nation once again demonstrated the best examples of unity and solidarity.

We supported our citizens in the earthquake area with strong coordination in all activities that require great planning and preparation, from search and rescue to first aid and support services, under the leadership of President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan. The activities carried out from the first minutes of the disaster of the century, the capacity of people and equipment sent to the region, the measures implemented throughout the process, and the material and moral support all contributed to the healing of our people’s wounds. The speed with which the search-and-rescue operations were completed, the resolution of housing and food issues, and the start of debris removal, reconstruction, construction, and recovery activities were all indicators of the process’ success.

Thanks to the historical solidarity and unity of our nation, the patience and resiliency of our people, the leadership of our President, and the coordination of our state institutions, we have left behind one of the most difficult periods in our history. We are concentrating on rebuilding and revitalising

our cities in line with scientific facts and in accordance with our civilisation, culture, and values, using the lessons we have learned from this massive disaster and destruction.

This work describes the epic solidarity of our state and nation under the leadership of the President from the first minutes of the “disaster of the century,” how our citizens banded together during difficult times, and how our state institutions have been at the service of our nation at all times and in all circumstances with their enhanced capacities. This book will reveal how we healed the wounds caused by these earthquakes, one of the greatest natural disasters the world has ever known, in unity and solidarity, and how we will develop our cities with greater advances in the future, leaving a mark on history.

Once again, I wish mercy on our citizens who perished in the earthquake, patience on their surviving family members, and a speedy recovery for our injured. I extend condolences and wishes for a quick recovery to our nation.

DIRECTOR OF COMMUNICATIONS
PRESIDENCY OF THE REPUBLIC OF TÜRKİYE
PROF. FAHRETTİN ALTUN

FEBRUARY 6

2023

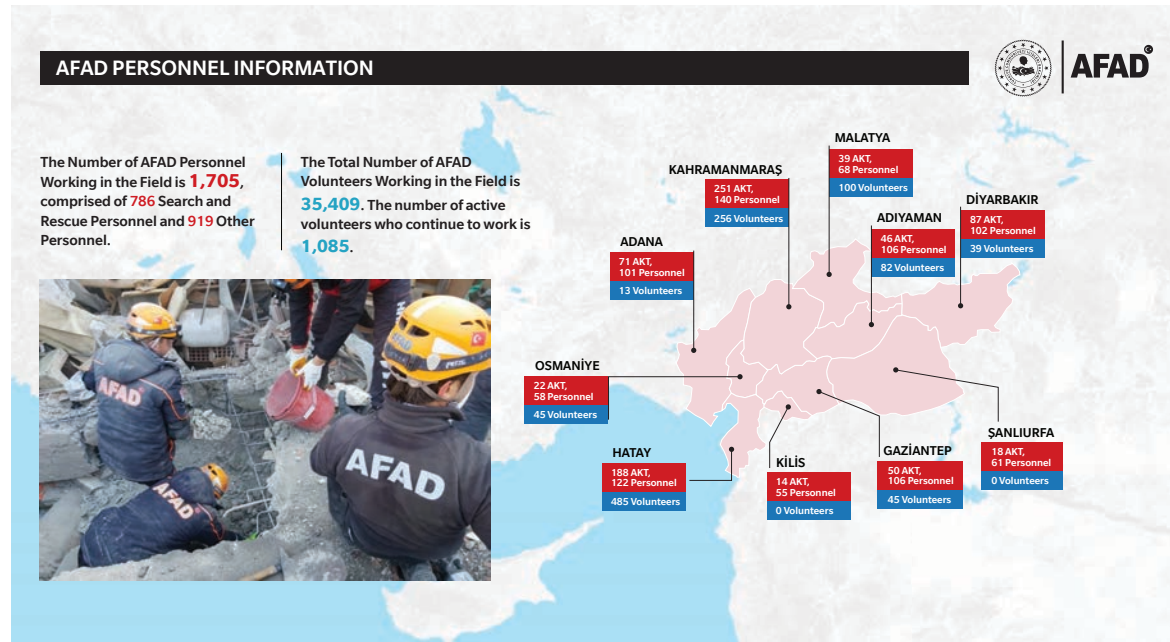
04:17

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1. ABOUT THE EARTHQUAKES THAT OCCURRED ON FEBRUARY 6, 2023 IN KAHRAMANMARAŞ

An earthquake with a magnitude of 7.7 struck the Pazarcık district of Kahramanmaraş at 04.17 on February 6, 2023. Following the earthquake, there were aftershocks of 6.4 magnitude in Gaziantep's Nurdağı district and 6.5 magnitude in Islahiye district. On the same day, at 13.24, another 7.6 magnitude earthquake struck Kahramanmaraş. The earthquakes impacted the provinces of Kayseri, Elazığ, Kahramanmaraş, Gaziantep, Osmaniye, Malatya, Adıyaman, Adana, Diyarbakır, Kilis, Hatay, and Şanlıurfa.

Another 6.4 magnitude earthquake struck the Defne district of Hatay at 20.04, followed by a 5.8 magnitude earthquake in the Samandağ district of Hatay three minutes later at 20.07. The 6.4 magnitude earthquake, which was felt in neighbouring provinces, was reported to have a depth of 16.7 kilometres.

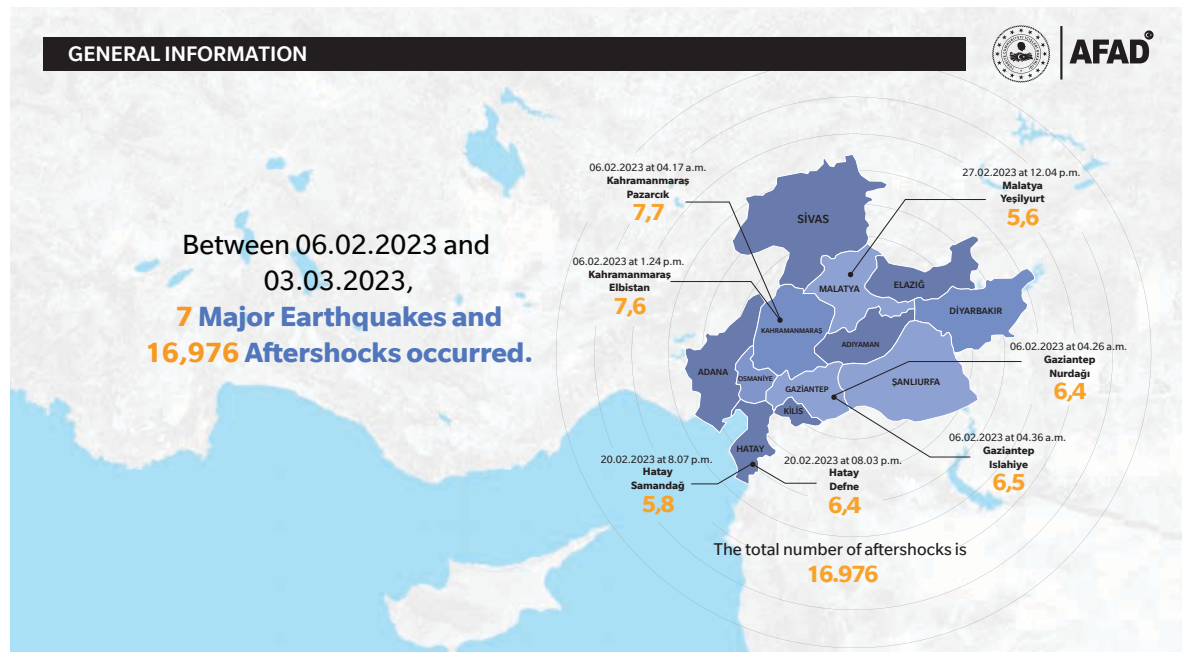


Approximately 2 million people were evacuated from Kahramanmaraş, Gaziantep, Şanlıurfa, Diyarbakır, Adana, Adıyaman, Osmaniye, Hatay, Kilis, Malatya, and Elazığ, and registered in the provinces where they arrived by applying to governorships and district governorships.

The total number of search and rescue teams from 90 countries working in the region is over 11,000.

Furthermore, the region utilises over 270,000 people, including AFAD, Police, Gendarmerie, Ministry of National Defence (MSB), National Medical Rescue Team (UMKE), Ambulance Teams, Local Security, Local Support Teams, and 3,768 volunteers on-site.

In the disaster area, operations are being carried out by over 18,000 vehicles, primarily excavators, tow trucks, cranes, dozers, trucks, water trucks, trailers, graders, vacuum trucks, and so on.



Disaster areas were assigned 40 Governors, 160 Local Administrative Officers, 19 AFAD top managers, and 68 provincial directors. Furthermore, 29 Ministry of Foreign Affairs personnel have been stationed in the region to coordinate international aid.

An air bridge has been built to transport personnel and supplies to the area. The Air Force, Land Forces, Naval Forces, Coast Guard Command, Gendarmerie General Command, Turkish National Police, Ministry of Health, and General Directorate of Forestry operate 116 helicopters and 74 aircrafts. There have been 14,000 sorties to date.

The Ministry of National Defence and the Coast Guard Command employ a total of 38 ships for personnel, material shipment, and evacuation to the region.

Disaster Shelter Group

- There were approximately 450,000 tents installed. In 11, provinces, container installation is planned for 209 locations, with over 20,000 completed so far. Container city construction continues in 11 provinces and 162 locations.



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- In and out of the disaster zone, there are nearly 2 million people receiving shelter services in tents, containers, Ministry of Youth and Sports' (GSB) dormitories, hotels, public guesthouses, MEB facilities, and other facilities.

Disaster Nutrition Group

- The Turkish Red Crescent, AFAD, MSB, Gendarmerie, and Non-Governmental Organisations all sent 370 mobile kitchen sets to the region.
- In the disaster area, hot meals, soup, lunchboxes, packaged food, water, bread, and beverages are constantly distributed.

Disaster Psychosocial Support Group

- Four Mobile Social Service Centres have been dispatched to the provinces of Kahramanmaraş, Hatay, Osmaniye, and Malatya. There were approximately 4,500 personnel transferred to the quake-hit area, and 4,000 personnel were dispatched outside the earthquake zone. Around 1.5 million earthquake victims received support from the psychosocial support group.

Kahramanmaraş City Center

Satellite images taken before and
after the earthquake



Hatay Antakya

Satellite images taken before and
after the earthquake





At 04.48, the relevant units were gathered with an emergency code under the umbrella of the Türkiye Emergency Response Plan (TAMP). Türkiye Disaster Response Plan (TAMP) consists of the Ministry of Interior, AFAD, the Directorate of Communications, the Ministry of Transport and Infrastructure, the Ministry of Health, the Ministry of Environment, Urbanization, and Climate Change, the Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources, the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, the Ministry of Family and Social Services, the Treasury, the Ministry of Trade, and the Turkish Red Crescent.



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At 05.34, our President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan made the first statement via social media.



In the hours that followed, our President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan made statements about the earthquake, the epicentre of which was in the Pazarcık district of Kahramanmaraş and affecting 11 provinces in total, at the AFAD Coordination Centre.



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Following the initial meeting, search and rescue teams were quickly dispatched to the area.



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Construction and various equipment transported to the earthquake zone in convoys





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Because of the earthquakes, our President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan announced that seven days of national mourning has been declared.



Recep Tayyip Erdoğan ✓
@RTErdogan
Türkiye government official

A seven-day period of national mourning has been declared in Türkiye following the earthquakes that occurred on February 6, 2023. Our flag will be hoisted at half-mast throughout our country and in our foreign missions until sunset on Sunday, February 12, 2023.



THE PRESIDENCY OF THE REPUBLIC OF TÜRKIYE

No: Z-96822168-170.99-136317
February 6, 2023
Title: Declaration of National Mourning

TO BE DISTRIBUTED

Upon the declaration of a seven-day-period national mourning due to the earthquakes that occurred in our country on February 6, 2023, it was deemed to be appropriate to hoist our flag at half-mast throughout the country and in foreign missions until sunset on Sunday, February 12, 2023.

Kindly submitted for your information and necessary action.



Recep Tayyip ERDOĞAN
President

Distribution:
For action:
Ministries,
Institutions, Organisations, and Offices
Affiliated with the Presidency

CC:
The Grand National Assembly of Türkiye

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A state of emergency (OHAL) was declared for three months, covering ten provinces in the quake-stricken region, in accordance with Article 119 of the Constitution. On February 7, 2023, the OHAL decision in question was promulgated in the Official Gazette.

WHO MAY DECLARE A STATE OF EMERGENCY, AND UNDER WHAT CIRCUMSTANCES?

According to the Article 119 of the Constitution, the **President** of the Republic may declare state of emergency for a period not exceeding six months, in the event of war, the emergence of widespread acts of violence aimed at the destruction of the **constitutional order or of fundamental rights and freedoms**, serious deterioration of public order because of acts of violence, **occurrence of natural disasters, outbreak of dangerous epidemic diseases** or emergence of a serious economic crisis.



2. UNDERSTANDING THE DISASTER OF THE CENTURY

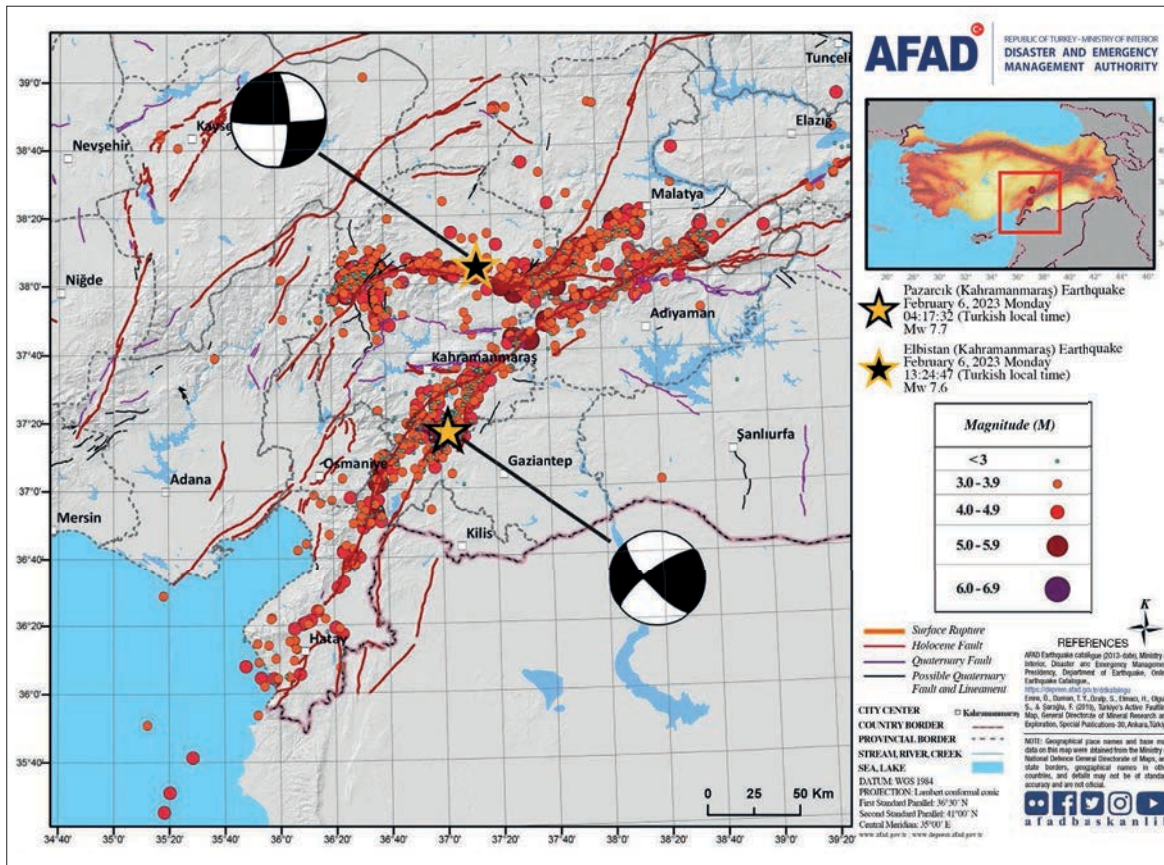
2.1. Scientific Data on Earthquakes

Two earthquakes with magnitudes of Mw 7.7 and Mw 7.6 struck Pazarcık (Kahramanmaraş) and Elbistan (Kahramanmaraş) on February 6, 2023, at 04:17 and 13:24 Turkish time. The 7.7 magnitude earthquake struck at a depth of 8.6 kilometres, while the 7.6 magnitude earthquake struck at a depth of 7 kilometres.

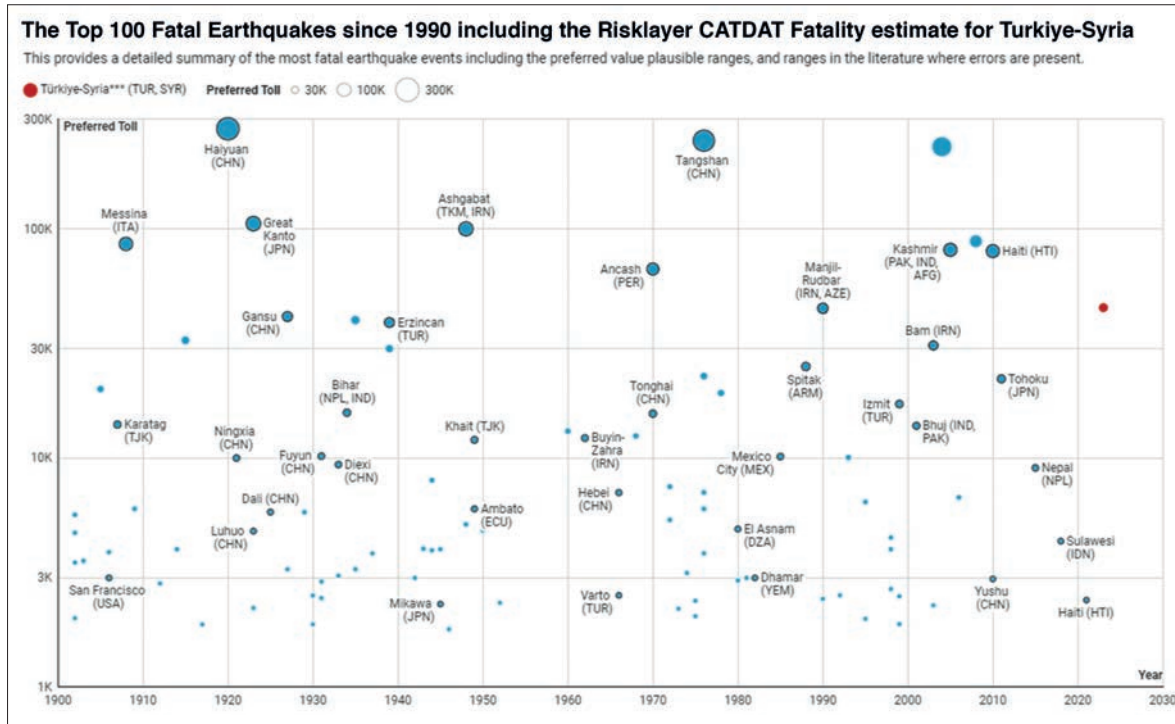
06.02.2023 04:17:34 (Turkish Local Time),
Pazarcık (Kahramanmaraş) Earthquake MW 7.7
Latitude: 37.288 | Longitude: 37.043 | Depth: 8.60 km

06.02.2023 13:24:47 (Turkish Local Time),
Elbistan (Kahramanmaraş) Earthquake MW 7.6
Latitude: 38.089 | Longitude: 37.239 | Depth: 7 km

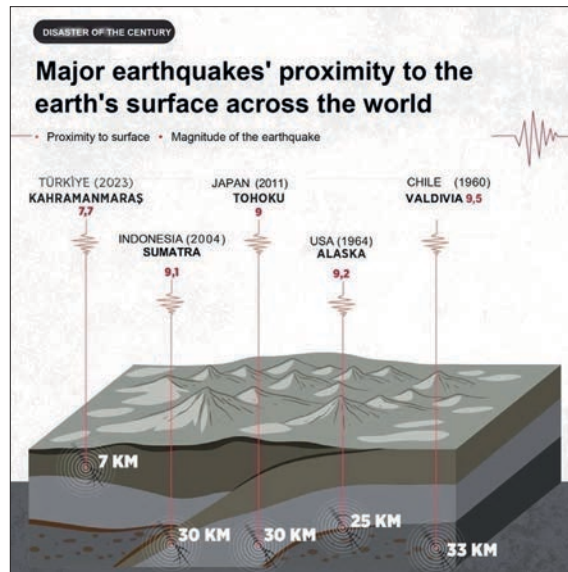
FIGURE: Pazarcık (Kahramanmaraş) Mw 7.7 and Elbistan (Kahramanmaraş) Mw 7.6 Earthquakes and Aftershock Activity on February 6, 2023



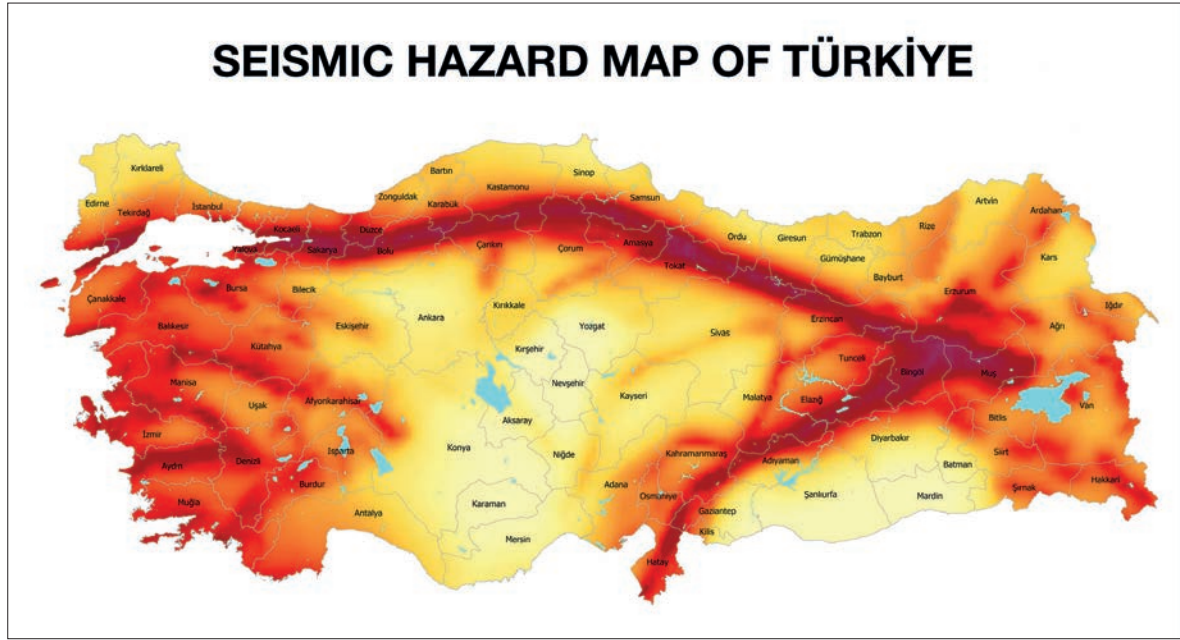
Some earthquakes have made a name for themselves in world history due to their magnitude and destruction.



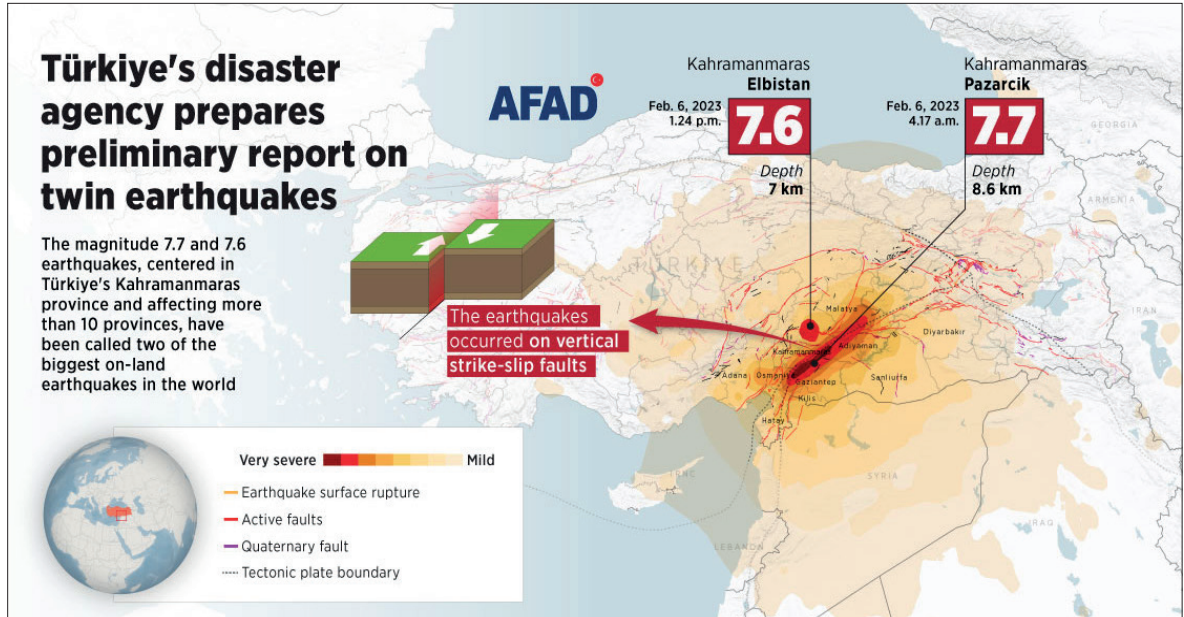
The 9.5 magnitude earthquake that struck Valdivia, Chile, on May 22, 1960, was the largest ever measured on Earth. In terms of energy discharge, the next largest earthquake had a magnitude of 9.2, which occurred on March 27, 1964 in Alaska. The third largest earthquake, with magnitudes of 9.1 and 9.3, occurred on December 26, 2004, off the central Indonesian island of Sumatra. The Tōhoku earthquake, on the other hand, occurred on March 11, 2011 with a magnitude of 9.0 in the Pacific Ocean off the coast of Japan's Tōhoku region.



Türkiye, a seismically active country with nearly all of its lands on fault lines, is located between the Eurasian-Arab-African plate and is within the seismic belt, with the North Anatolian Fault Line, East Anatolian Fault Line, and West Anatolian Fault Line within its borders. Several earthquakes have jolted the country at various times, with the greatest measuring 7.9 magnitude.



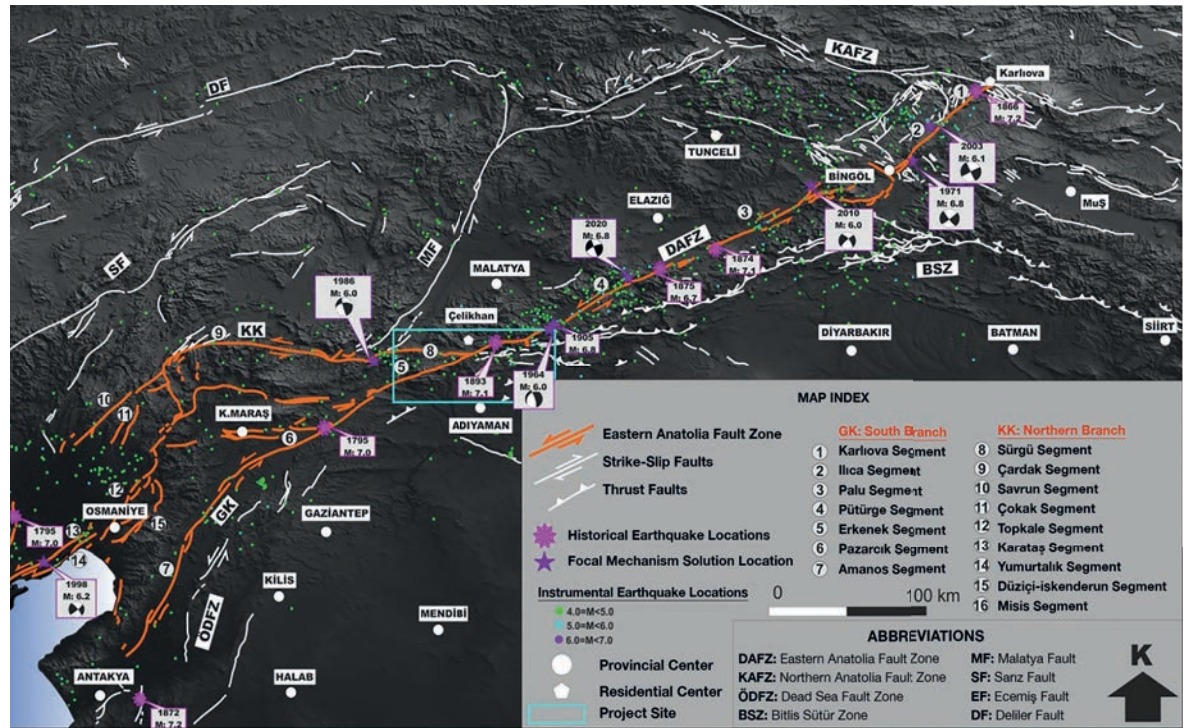
In comparison to the scientific data from the world's largest earthquakes and data from the Kahramanmaraş earthquakes, the proximity to the surface, the width of its impact area, and the fracture patterns that occur on the fault line, and so on, the February 6, 2023 Kahramanmaraş Earthquakes have been designated as the Disaster of the Century due to their worldwide uniqueness.



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7.7

Scientists from different countries of the world gave information about the Disaster of the Century. The destructiveness and impact of the earthquake were analysed by making comparisons with the previous earthquake.

THE DISASTER OF THE CENTURY

Experts' views on earthquakes that hit Kahramanmaraş



Prof. Shinji Toda
Tohoku University
International Research Institute of Disaster Science

"In addition to the magnitude of the earthquake, the proximity of the epicentre to the surface also caused extensive damage."

"The amount of energy released by this earthquake is 10 times greater than the Great Hanshin-Awaji Earthquake in 1995 and the Kumamoto Earthquake in 2016."

Stephen Hicks
Research Fellow in Computational Seismology
Department of Earth Sciences
University College London

"To give you an idea of the sheer scale of the Turkey earthquake: if we overlay a map onto the British Isles, Birmingham, Manchester, Sheffield, and Bristol would be devastated."

Asst. Prof. Judith Hubbard
Earthquake expert

"You might think this earthquake is unusual because (according to measurements in the USA) a magnitude 7.8 scale is larger than any previously detected on this fault system."

Assoc. Prof. Sylvain Barbot
University of Southern California

"I believe that has never been seen before, an earthquake of this magnitude."

David Shelly
Research Geophysicist
US Geological Survey

"Türkiye has many active fault lines. The earthquakes that happened were very large; earthquakes of that size are relatively rare."

Fabrizio Curcio
Head of Civil Protection Department, Italy

"To compare it with the quake in Italy, the energy released by earthquakes was 1,000 times more than that of the tremor that hit Italy's Amatrice region in 2016."

Stefan Wiemer
Director of the Swiss Seismological Service

"Such a large earthquake is really rare. The region between Türkiye and Syria has not witnessed such a big earthquake for over 100 years."

Asst. Prof. Tony Nemer
Faculty Member Department of Geology
Beirut American University

"The fault line that broke in Türkiye is nearly 350 kilometres long. It is a very long fault line covering a large area."

Prof. Harold Tobin
Seismologist

"Two earthquakes of such strength in less than 24 hours is an almost unprecedented event. I think we haven't seen such an event since we've had seismological instruments."

Prof. Carlo Doglioni
President of the National Institute of Geophysics and Volcanology

"The energy released was 130 times stronger than the one that occurred in Italy in 2016."

Paul Martin Mai
King Abdullah University of Science and Technology, Professor of Earth Science and Engineering

"The second earthquake occurred 100 kilometres away from the first earthquake. That's why we say it was a second earthquake, not an aftershock."

The disaster of the century caused shifts in the earth's crust.

Research conducted so far in the area suggests there have been shifts of up to 3–4 metres as a result of two devastating earthquakes that struck Kahramanmaraş. Kandilli Observatory and Earthquake Research Institute Director Prof. Haluk Özener stated that the earthquake affected a wide area and said, “This effect spreads across a 300–350 km² region, particularly along the fault line.”



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The two major earthquakes formed a 300-metre-long, 50-metre-wide, and 40-metre-deep valley in the Tepehan Neighbourhood of Hatay's Altınözü district. It is estimated that an area of more than 100 acres has collapsed.



Hatay- Altınözü





Following the earthquake, Dokuz Eylül University Earthquake Research and Application Centre Head Prof. Hasan Sözbilir, Afyon Kocatepe University Earthquake Research and Application Centre Director Prof. Çağlar Özkaymak and Eskişehir Osmangazi University Faculty Member Prof. Volkan Karabacak conducted research on the fractured fault. As a result of their research, Prof. Hasan Sözbilir reported that the road on the Kahramanmaraş–Gaziantep main road near Tevekkelli village shifted 3 metres to the side as a result of the earthquake.



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Demirköprü site on Antakya-Cilvegözü main road

Due to strong earthquakes in İslahiye, Gaziantep, two mountains collided, forming a natural lake.



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Disaster of the century's
effects on nature





Kahramanmaraş-City Center





Adiyaman – City Center





Hatay-Antakya





Gaziantep-Nurdağı





Malatya-Yeşilyurt





Adana-Güzelyalı Neighborhood





Osmaniye- City Center





Şanlıurfa-Haliliye





Diyarbakır-Bağlar

2.2. Disaster of the Century's Effect on Natural, Historical, and Cultural Heritage

The earthquake also damaged natural, historical, and cultural heritage in many provinces. While some centuries-old artefacts were completely destroyed, others were severely damaged.

The earthquake also damaged Hatay's mosque, church, and synagogue, which share a street and have come to represent the "City of Tolerance," where the sound of bells and the call to prayer coexist.

Over 3900 cultural properties were examined in total.

Destroyed	218
Damaged	635
Moderately Damaged	418
Lightly Damaged	208
Undamaged	1,829
Undetermined	3

It has been determined that there are cultural properties, and the necessary measures have been taken to protect the damaged cultural properties. According to the assessments, the approximate total cost of restoring the damaged cultural properties is 56.3 billion TL.

Sarimiye Mosque, known to have been built in the 16th century







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Antakya Turkish Catholic Church



Antakya Jewish Synagogue



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The Great Mosque in Hatay, built by the Mamluks in the 16th century, was completely destroyed.



The building, which was constructed in 1927 at Köprübaşı Square by the French architect Leon Benju and housed the parliament from 1938 until the Hatay State became a province of Türkiye on June 29, 1939, was destroyed.



The historic *Hatay Metropolitan Municipality* building was damaged by the earthquake..



The Trapessac (Darb-ı Sak) Castle and the *Bayazid Bestami Tomb*, located within the Castle in Hatay's Kırıkhan district, were both damaged by the disaster.



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The historical *Habib-i Neccar Mosque* damaged by the earthquake



The Ottoman-era *Batayaz Bridge* in Hatay's Samandağ district was damaged by the Kahramanmaraş and Hatay earthquakes. The bridge was slightly damaged by the Kahramanmaraş-centred earthquakes, but a part of it collapsed due to rocks sliding down the slope during the 6.4 magnitude earthquake that struck the Defne district.



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In the Samandağ district of Hatay, the *British Protestant School*, constructed in the 1800s, was also damaged.



The historical *Saint George Greek Orthodox Church* in Hatay was also damaged during the earthquakes



Malatya's historical *New Mosque (Yeni Camii)* was demolished.



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The Inner Castle Mosque (İç Kale Camii) of the historical *Arabian Castle (Raban Kale-i Zerrin Castle)*, located in Gaziantep's Araban district, was damaged.



The historical White Inn (Beyaz Han) in Gaziantep



Gaziantep Castle

While the earthquake destroyed some of the bastions in the east, south, and southeast sections of the historical Gaziantep Castle in the central Şahinbey district, the debris was scattered on the road.



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Gaziantep - Şirvani Mosque



The earthquake also destroyed the dome and minarets of the *Kurtuluş Mosque*, which was built as a church in 1892, then converted into a jail during the Republican era, and finally into a mosque in 1984.



The *Hazrat Ukkāṣe Tomb* in the Nurdağı district of Gaziantep, along with other nearby structures, including the mosque, were destroyed by the earthquake and collapsed



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The historical *Enverül Hamid Mosque* in Osmaniye was partially damaged.



The handshake column in Adiyaman's 2,000-year-old *Karakuş Tumulus* was damaged.



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The *Great Mosque* in Adıyaman's Kahta district was destroyed by the earthquake.



The earthquakes also damaged Adıyaman's Kahta Castle, which is thought to date from the Hittite era.





Disaster of the century
also damaged historical
buildings



HATTA
BÜYÜK
BELEDİYE

The earthquake demolished the *Sheikh Mosque*, which was attacked with a cannonball by the French, who occupied the city during the War of National Independence, and became the symbol of the National Struggle for 103 years with the cannonball stuck on it.



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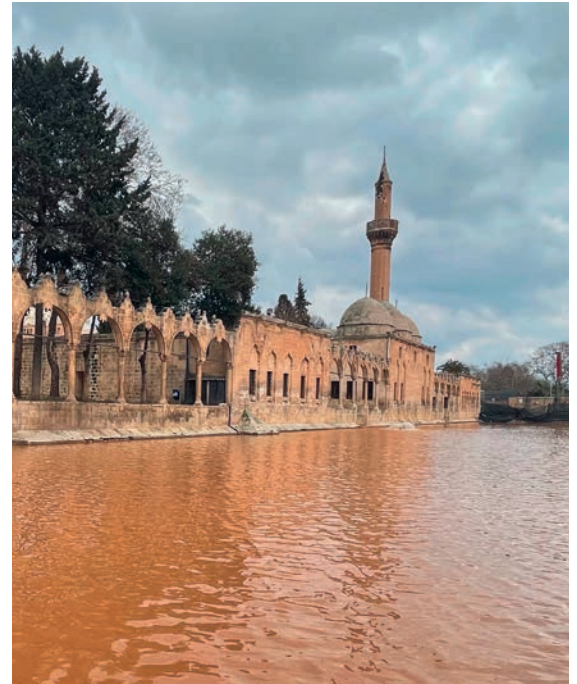
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The 527-year-old *Grand Mosque* of the Dulkadiroğulları era in Kahramanmaraş was damaged.



The disaster of the century changed the colour of *Balıkölü* in Şanlıurfa.



In Şanlıurfa, the earthquake damaged the Great Mosque's minaret clock and fountain, as well as the *Mevlid-i Halil Mosque* east minaret, *Dabakhane Mosque* minaret, and *Nimetullah Mosque* minaret.



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Following a damage assessment of 1,498 registered buildings in Diyarbakır, four were found to be severely damaged, while 30 were found to be moderately damaged. Among the damaged historical structures are the *Diyarbakır City Walls*, designated by UNESCO as a World Cultural Heritage site in 2015.



In Kilis, it was reported that 47 mosques, including 21 historical mosques, had been damaged.



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3. SEARCH AND RESCUE ACTIVITIES AFTER THE EARTHQUAKE

All disaster groups gathered in all provinces and at the Disaster and Emergency Management Presidency (AFAD) headquarters as part of the Türkiye Disaster Response Plan (TAMP). All AFAD Provincial Directorates were placed on high alert, and all teams, particularly search and rescue teams, were dispatched to the region.



The earthquake was classified as Level 4 under the Türkiye Disaster Response Plan. During the meetings with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, an international assistance appeal was made in the field of urban search and rescue through the Emergency Response Coordination Centre (ERCC). As of 05.45 am, two planes were dispatched to transport the teams to the region by the General Staff. The search and rescue teams of many countries, including the Netherlands, Azerbaijan, and the UK, particularly (INSARAG-International Search and Rescue Advisory Group) “Heavy Urban Search and Rescue” teams, offered assistance as of February 6, 2023, at 10.00 am.



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Since the beginning of the crisis, the State Information Coordination Centre, a facility within the Presidential Complex, has continued to operate effectively.



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The AFAD Operations Centre has been actively operating nonstop since the earthquake. In addition, a large number of search and rescue personnel from the Disaster and Emergency Management Presidency (AFAD), PAK Search and Rescue Teams, Gendarmerie Search and Rescue Teams (JAK), Gendarmerie Special Search and Rescue Teams (JÖAK), Maritime Search and Rescue (DİSAK), Natural Disasters Search and Rescue (DAK), Güven, Fire Brigade, Lifeboat Service (Tahlisiye), Ministry of National Education, non-governmental and international organisations are working in the region.





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President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan travelled to Kahramanmaraş, Hatay, Adana, Gaziantep, Osmaniye, Kilis, Adıyaman, Malatya, Diyarbakır and Şanlıurfa, which were affected by the earthquake, to conduct inspections and visited tent cities set up for earthquake victims and received information from the authorities.



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3.1. Aid Corridors

The Turkish Armed Forces established an air aid corridor in the earthquake zone.

The Turkish Armed Forces (TAF) established an “air aid corridor” following the earthquake in Kahramanmaraş to transport search and rescue teams to the area. A large number of transport aircraft, notably TAF A400m transport aircraft, transported search and rescue teams and vehicles to the area.

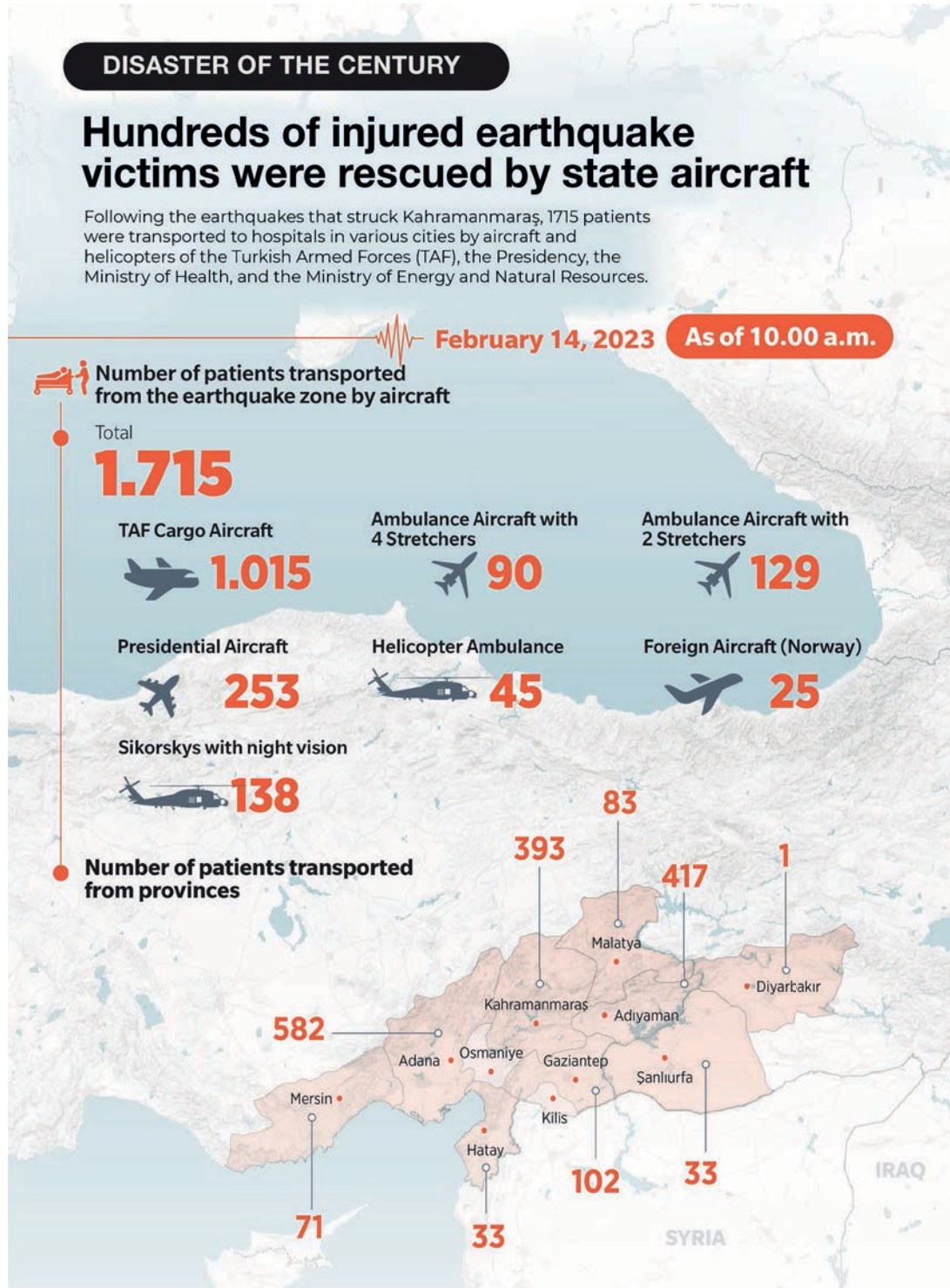


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Incirlik Air Base

Following the disaster of the century, aid from 81 provinces and many countries is still being dispatched rapidly from İncirlik Air Base to the quake-hit regions.

Relief supplies are dispatched in the act of solidarity with the Turkish soldiers and the personnel of numerous foreign countries, including the United States, Azerbaijan, Poland, Spain, Lithuania, Qatar, Belgium, and Pakistan.



Packages containing tents, beds, blankets, duvets, pillows, generators, heaters and food items are loaded into military aircraft and helicopters for delivery to earthquake victims through the “air aid corridor” established at the 10th Tanker Base Command at Incirlik Air Base.

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The floating hospital TCG Bayraktar provided earthquake victims with “relief.”

TCG Bayraktar and TCG Sancaktar, the Turkish Armed Forces' landing vessels that were converted into a floating hospital after transporting construction equipment, clothing, food supplies, and medical equipment to Hatay by sea, offer medical services.



The TCG Bayraktar vessel was employed to carry construction equipment, clothing, food products, and medical supplies to be transported to disaster-stricken regions from the Iskenderun district of Hatay.



On the TCG Sancaktar and TCG Bayraktar vessels of the Ministry of National Defence at Iskenderun Port, all sorts of medical care, including surgical procedures, are provided to earthquake victims with the support of Ministry of Health personnel.





Doctors heal
earthquake victims



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The cruise vessel, which arrived in the Iskenderun district of Hatay, hosts the disaster victims. With the coordination of the Ministry of Energy and Natural Resources, the ship that arrived at Tosyalı İskenderun Port after a four-day voyage from Zonguldak Filyos Port offers 400 cabins and 1,056 beds.



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The shipment of relief supplies to quake-stricken regions continues.

The ship, carrying humanitarian aid supplies loaded from the ports in Istanbul and Çanakkale to be delivered to the disaster victims, arrived in the Iskenderun district of Hatay.

There are 83 construction equipment, 21 trucks full of essential supplies, 128 mobile homes and many portable restrooms on board.



Due to the trucks transporting aid supplies, heavy equipment, and other goods to the region after the earthquake, numerous highways became congested.



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A team of 400 people exert efforts day and night in order to prevent any disruption of healthcare services in the rural neighbourhoods of Hatay.



For earthquake victims, relief trains from Germany and Azerbaijan arrived.



From Kocaeli Köseköy Train Station, a 20-wagon train carrying 18 mobile homes, 4 passenger wagons, 4 multi-purpose accommodation wagons, 1 generator on a wagon, 1 excavator, and 1 construction equipment headed to the earthquake zone.



3.2. Search and Rescue and Rubble Removal Efforts

Various search and rescue teams, including personnel from the Disaster and Emergency Management Presidency (AFAD), Police Search and Rescue (PAK), Gendarmerie Search and Rescue Battalion (JAK), Gendarmerie Special Public Security Command (JÖAK), Maritime Search and Rescue (DİSAK), Coast Guard, Natural Disasters Search and Rescue (DAK), Güven, Fire Department, Lifeboat Service, Ministry of National Education (MEB), NGOs, and international search and rescue units, are exerting efforts in the region.



Türkiye made an appeal for international assistance in the field of urban search and rescue through the ERCC, and upon this call, many international search and rescue teams arrived in Türkiye.



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Search and rescue teams
working around the clock
in the disaster zone



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Friendly paws became rescue partners in the effort to save lives following the earthquakes in Türkiye.

Many specially trained dogs supported the search and rescue operations in Türkiye.



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As a result of search and rescue operations, many animals were rescued.





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In Diyarbakır, a rescue operation was conducted with the assistance of a helicopter in order to save a cat from a building complex whose demolition operation had been halted.



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Following the earthquake, a fire broke out in the container yard of İskenderun Port.



The fire was extinguished by the Beriev firefighting aircraft and T79 firefighting helicopter, both of which are deployed to combat forest fires by the General Directorate of Forestry of the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry.





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The final duties were performed for those who lost their lives in the earthquake.



A funeral prayer in absentia was performed for those who died in earthquakes in Hatay.





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4. DISASTER COMMUNICATION and COMBATING DISINFORMATION

Management of crisis communication is a process that is not restricted to situations of crisis and encompasses proactive approaches. In accordance with Presidential Decree No. 14, the Directorate of Communications has been charged with carrying out strategic communication and crisis management activities in order to achieve the State's goals and objectives during times of crisis, disaster, state of emergency, imminent threat of war, mobilisation, and war.

Since the earthquake, the Directorate of Communications has prepared briefing notes and social media posts by constantly updating the information received from the relevant Ministries and AFAD in order to inform the public and institutions/organisations accurately and to ensure effective communication and coordination among relevant officials.

Maintaining uninterrupted communication in cases of emergency is VITAL

AFAD

Opt for Short Message Service (SMS) and internet-based messaging programmes for communication.

Keep your phone calls as short as possible

Unless necessary, refrain from making phone calls

Evacuation Points

<p>Kahramanmaraş</p> <p>Kadriye Çalk Anatolian High School Opposite Provincial Security Directorate</p> <p>KAFİM (Kahramanmaraş Fair Centre) Opposite the Bus Terminal</p>	<p>Malatya</p> <p>TCDD Malatya Train Station İstasyon Street No:11 City Centre</p> <p>MAŞTI (Open Area) Buhara Street / Yeşilyurt</p>	<p>Diyarbakır</p> <p>AFAD Directorate Sivan Road 13th Km Next to the Police Academy Karacalı / Sur</p>
<p>Adıyaman</p> <p>In front of Altınşehir Mosque Opposite Altınşehir Güleği Pastisierie</p> <p>Eğirçay Park Sümerevler District Karaallı Road No:15 / City Centre</p>	<p>Gaziantep</p> <p>M1 Mall Parking Lot Karacaahmet District Şehit Ömer Halisdemir Bv. No:129 / Şehitkamil</p> <p>İslahiye In front of İslahiye District Governorate</p> <p>Nurdagi In front of Nurdagi District Governorate</p>	<p>Şanlıurfa</p> <p>Picnic Area Göbâğ District 3016 St. Bulutlu Hoca Bv / Karaköprü</p> <p>Cumhuriyet Park GAP Vadî Bv. Mardin Road / Haliliye</p> <p>Archaeological Museum Garden Halatpilhâge 2327 St. No:74/1</p>
<p>Osmaniye</p> <p>Hali İbrahim Kara Oğlan Park Devlet Bahçeli Square</p> <p>Parking Lot Karaboşlu District Behind Indoor Swimming Pool City Centre</p> <p>Parking Lot Fakusağı District Behind Credit And Dormitories Institution City Centre</p>	<p>Hatay</p> <p>Empty Lot near Police Training Centre On the Antakya İskenderun Road</p>	<p>Adana</p> <p>TOYAP Fair and Congress Centre Kurttepe District Prof. Dr. Necmettin Erbakan Bv. No. 242 / Çukurova</p>
<p>Kilis</p> <p>Truck Park Şih Mansur District On the Kilis Gaziantep Road</p>		

Ministry of the Interior
DIRECTORATE OF COMMUNICATIONS

Evacuation and Shelter Options for Earthquake-Affected Citizens

Evacuation and Shelter Requests Through AFAD

AFAD Evacuation Assembly Areas located in ten provinces are visited.

There, planning for evacuation by land, sea, rail, or air is conducted, and free transportation is provided.

If shelter is needed, the earthquake victim must notify so; they will be directed according to the capacities of the provinces, and accommodation needs will be met at no cost.

Self-evacuees Who Request Shelter Through AFAD

AFAD Evacuation Assembly Areas located in ten provinces are visited.

The earthquake victim notifies authorities that they will evacuate using their own means.

If shelter is needed, the earthquake victim must notify so; they will be directed according to the capacities of the provinces, and accommodation needs will be met at no cost.

For Evacuation Assembly Areas:

- Earthquake victims are not required to submit a document indicating their status during the application process.
- AFAD does not issue any documents or cards following the application.

Self-Evacuees Without Prior Notification to AFAD Who Request Shelter Through AFAD

An application is submitted to the Governor's Office in the province of arrival. (No documents are required)

The earthquake victim is directed to specified accommodation locations, and their accommodation needs are met at no cost.

An application is submitted to the Governor's Office in the province of arrival. (No documents are required)

The earthquake victim is directed to specified accommodation locations, and their accommodation needs are met at no cost.

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The prepared briefing notes are converted into digital media content with the purpose of informing the public and combating disinformation, as well as being distributed to the relevant people and organisations working in the quake-stricken region.

In order to meet the information needs of the public and to ensure the continuity of the fight against disinformation, a consistent flow of information was provided.



Mobile Application

Always with You Before, During, and After a Disaster!



Start an Emergency Call

With the Start an Emergency Call (I am under the rubble, I am injured, I am lost, I cannot reach my relative) function, you can make an online call to the 112 Emergency Call Centre.





Rapid response via Voice Call, SMS, or Notification

Reaching out to people via voice call, SMS, or notification in order to record and call back the information and location of users who are having difficulty accessing the emergency call switchboard.



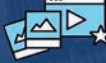
Gathering Places

Providing access to the safe area through navigation based on the citizen's address and displaying it on map screens in the 112 Emergency Call Centre application.



Citizen Information Distribution in Disaster Areas

Even if users in the disaster area are not actively using the application at the time, sending vital information via mobile notification and/or SMS.



Training

Includes training and informative videos that aim to change behaviour in society prior to a disaster in order to reduce risk and take precautionary measures.



112 Messaging Connection

Ability to connect to 112 Call Centre Applications via Messaging simultaneously during an emergency call via the application.






EARTHQUAKE MOBILISATION OF THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

➔ Assistance from Other Organisations:



AOC; (Atatürk Forest Farm Directorate)

A truck of water and fruit juice, 100 boxes of living materials (shoes, coats, blankets, etc.), 100 boxes of food materials



TMO; (Directorate General of Turkish Grain Board)

5 containers, 19 generators, 1 crane, 3 caravans, 5 pickups, 1 awninged food delivery vehicle and tent, heaters



Directorate General of Tea Enterprises

57 tea stands, 5 tea service vehicles, 1 tea truck



(Turkish Sugar Refineries Corporation)

165 tents and 220 electric heaters to the Malatya factory site



TIGEM; (Directorate General of Agricultural Enterprises)

70 bunk beds, earthquake sets, patient transport vehicles, a truck with the fire brigade, cranes, buckets, fuel oil, a diesel tanker, generators, blankets, heaters and various food products



Ministry of Family and Social Services Support Teams



1,516 personnel have been assigned.



1,476 psychosocial support personnel have been assigned



132 vehicles have been deployed.



4 Mobile Social Service Centers have been set up.

(Kahramanmaraş, Hatay, Malatya)

! For unaccompanied children in the earthquake zone, citizens can apply to our ALO 183 hotline, our law enforcement officers or the Provincial Directorate of Family and Social Services.

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Since 7.00 am on February 6, 2023, the Directorate of Communications has made the “CIMER Call Centre” available 24 hours a day, seven days a week for citizens calling from the earthquake zone. It continues its disaster communication by making the “Earthquake emergency” section of the CIMER platform accessible to the public at 8.30 am on the same day.

The applications of citizens who contact the Call Centre and require a response in accordance with their demands are registered through the CIMER, and they are informed via phone calls. Frequently Asked Questions have been compiled to shed light on issues on which citizens lack information, and new topics are being added and updated to this end. Through the CIMER Call Centre, information is shared with citizens.



Combating Disinformation

Combating disinformation, which consists of intentionally disseminated false/fake information, is necessary at all stages of the management process.

The fact that social media-based manipulations are frequently propagated on multiple online news sites and in conventional media contributes to the spread of the disinformation at issue.

In addition to the spread of unsubstantiated information without regard to its source, the emergence of direct and deliberate lies exacerbates the chaos in social media.

During this critical time period, social media have been utilised for purposes that will result in unfounded information and disinformation, as well as for beneficial efforts.

The Directorate of Communications continues to work in coordination and harmony with the relevant institutions in order to accurately inform the public and develop a unified discourse against disinformation and manipulation efforts that may occur in disaster scenarios.

Recent meetings with the Twitter team have yielded faster results in the fight against disinformation.

After the earthquake, for instance, the baseless tweet concerning the collapse of the Yarseli Dam was deleted in a matter of minutes.



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The Directorate of Communications is combatting disinformation, manipulation, and perception operations, particularly on social media, following the earthquake.

Within the scope of efforts to combat disinformation, the Directorate of Communications monitored international and domestic media 24 hours a day, seven days a week and developed verification cards for disinformation that was identified.


The Centre for Combating Disinformation shared visual cards containing the accurate versions of manipulative news to guarantee that the public would receive accurate information.

TRUTH

Tax offices have not carried out any confiscation for the collection of public receivables since the earthquake. Furthermore, all enforcement proceedings, including those carried out by tax offices, have been suspended by Presidential Decree No. 120, dated February 8, 2023.

Because no confiscation was made after the earthquake, even if there was a seizure on the account previously, this seizure has no bearing on the state's earthquake aid of 10,000 TL.

The claim made on some social media accounts that "Ten thousand TL state aid provided to disaster victims has been seized by tax offices" is not true.




Directorate of Communications
DMM

TRUTH

No dam has burst in Hatay

The claim that "A dam burst in Hatay Province" is a manipulation aimed at inciting panic among the disaster survivors.




Directorate of Communications
DMM

TRUTH

Such a call was not made during the Provincial Muftis Consultation Meeting, which is held periodically in order to provide religious services to the society more effectively and efficiently.

The Presidency of Religious Affairs announced that legal action will be taken in response to baseless claims regarding the Provincial Muftis Consultation Meeting held between January 30 and February 2.

The claim that "Diyanet requested support for the ruling party" during the 42nd Provincial Muftis Consultation Meeting" is false.




Directorate of Communications
DMM

TRUTH

In Hatay, one of our most earthquake-affected regions, 8,924 tents have been set up thus far, and this number is continually growing. In addition to the tents now being transported, it is envisaged that 15,000 tents will be set up in the initial stage.

The claim made by certain media outlets that "No tents for earthquake survivors to shelter in were distributed or set up in Hatay Province" is false.




Directorate of Communications
DMM

TRUTH

Health examinations of our citizens residing in mass shelters in the disaster zone are conducted regularly. Primary Care Polyclinic Services, Psychosocial Support Services, Vaccination, and Follow-up Services are also available.

There is no contagious epidemic disease, including scabies. In tent cities and other mass shelters, only a small number of individuals are diagnosed with infectious diseases; these individuals are immediately transferred to isolation.

The claim that "a scabies epidemic broke out in the tent city in Diyarbakır," is untrue.



Directorate of Communications
DMM


TRUTH

The area where the Antalya Phaselis Ancient City is located has been registered as a First Degree Archaeological Conservation Site.

The "Phaselis Ruins and Integrative Coastal Area Landscaping" project was developed for Alacasu Bay in the north and Bostanlı Bay in the south in order to exhibit the Ancient City of Phaselis in a sustainable manner. The project was approved in 2022 by the Antalya Regional Board for Conservation of Cultural Assets.

The aforementioned works continue under the supervision of the Ministry of Culture and Tourism and the Department of Museums and Excavations, without harming nature or historical artefacts.

The claim that "The Ancient City of Phaselis will be covered in concrete" is not true.



Directorate of Communications
DMM



Intensive work at the AFAD
Coordination Center

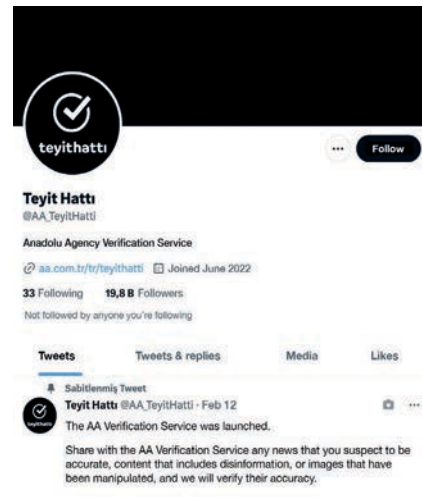
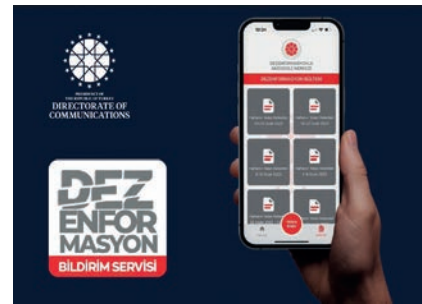


The e-devlet application-supported “Disinformation Reporting Service” (DBS), through which suspicious/false news produced and spread regarding the earthquake can be reported, has been put into service.

The claims about the earthquake have been investigated, and the public has been provided with accurate information through the “Disinformation Bulletin, which is released by the Directorate of Communications and reveals the truth in the face of disinformation and manipulative content.

Since the onset of the disaster, Anadolu Agency has worked to inform the public from 15 different crisis points in 10 provinces. In order to prevent widespread disinformation and manipulation in digital media, the most accurate information is provided to the public by using the AA confirmation line to verify the accuracy of claims regarding the earthquake.

The Directorate of Communications continues to address the needs of the press members in order to facilitate the work of both national and international media in the earthquake-affected provinces.



The Directorate of Communications, which began working 24 hours a day immediately at the headquarters and in the regional directorates in the earthquake-affected provinces, tried to facilitate the work of the press members on the site.

The Directorate of Communications, which offers support to the press members on the site, such as providing a working environment and implementing accreditation procedures, has established press centres for journalists in the earthquake-affected areas.



5. POST-EARTHQUAKE SOLIDARITY

Solidarity, a notion intimately tied to the interaction and cooperation of individuals, communities, and institutions, is most evident in Türkiye, which experienced one of the most devastating natural disasters in human history on February 6, 2023. Immediately after the disaster of the century, which occurred in the early morning hours, an unprecedented effort and solidarity in terms of both national and international search and rescue efforts and humanitarian help began.

The Palestinian artist Abrar Sabbah stated that she intended for her work to convey the message that Türkiye is very strong.



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5.1. Nation-State Solidarity: Türkiye United as One Heart

As the state mobilised all of its means and institutions, and rescue teams rushed to the wreckage, people from all over Türkiye joined hands to help heal the wounds and those who with the means travelled to the region for support. They united as one heart in a spirit of solidarity to support the survivors aged 7 to 70 in a variety of ways, including donations, prayers, and notes.





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Quake victims are accommodated in shelters.





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EMERGENCY AID ALLOWANCE



The Disaster and Emergency Management Presidency (AFAD) paid a total of **13,769,850,000,000 ₺** and **10,000 TL** per family for **1,376,985** disaster survivors.

A total of **3,117,855,000 ₺** per Household Relocation Assistance was paid to the families of **207,857** disaster survivors, **15,000 ₺** per household. **Payments are in progress*

PAYMENT

AFAD	22.328.33.574,00 ₺
Ministry of Environment, Urbanisation and Climate Change - İlbank	586.000.000,00 ₺
Ministry of Family and Social Services	1.396.899.846,00 ₺
Ministry of Justice	9.269.774,38 ₺
Ministry of National Education	1.478.000.000,00 ₺
Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry	4.800.000.000,00 ₺
Ministry of Transport and Infrastructure	39.000.000,00 ₺
TOTAL PAYMENT	30.637.500.194,38 ₺

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As part of the “Let My Home Be Your Home” campaign, donors support quake victims to meet their shelter needs until they have permanent housing.

DISASTER OF THE CENTURY February 19, 2023

LET MY HOME BE YOUR HOME

Through the Let My Home Be Your Home campaign, a house is provided for earthquake survivors who have lost their homes until they are able to return to their homes

- You can allocate free of charge
- You can rent it at a reduced rate.
- You can donate rent allowance.

How does the process work?

- The landlord submits an application on specified real estate websites.
- The real estate website that receives the application verifies the information with the
- Real estate websites send verified information to the appropriate public agency.
- District governor's representatives inspect the residence to assess its eligibility.
- The District Governorship executes a "Lending Agreement" with people who give away their home for free, and a "Lease Agreement" with those who rent their home at a reduced rate.
- Priority is given to families with disadvantaged members, such as the disabled and the elderly, when locating suitable housing for earthquake survivors.
- The District Governorship returns the residence to the landlord at the end of the term

evimiyuvanolsun.org

More than 200 non-governmental organisations (NGOs) operating in Türkiye continue their humanitarian aid efforts to heal the wounds in the areas affected by the earthquakes in Kahramanmaraş.

THE DISASTER OF THE CENTURY March 8, 2023 As of 17.20 a.m.

NGOs' aid mobilisation in the earthquake zone continues

The image displays a comprehensive list of logos for NGOs and organizations providing aid in the earthquake zone. The logos are arranged in a grid format. At the bottom right, there is a map of the earthquake zone in Kahramanmaraş, showing the affected areas and major cities like Adana, Gaziantep, Sanliurfa, Hatay, Kahramanmaraş, Elazığ, Malatya, Adıyaman, and Diyarbakır.

Before the match between Trabzonspor and Switzerland's Basel team in the UEFA Conference League play-off round, the choreography depicting a rescue officer with the words "We will all be together, we will heal the wounds." and a baby pulled out of the wreckage in his arms was performed.



With the participation of 213 national and international television channels and 562 radio stations, a joint live broadcast was conducted under the name of "Türkiye United as One Heart Campaign" to raise funds for the earthquake-affected citizens.



Chefs cook for quake victims.



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Volunteers sort, package, and transport the aid collected for earthquake victims to the earthquake zones.





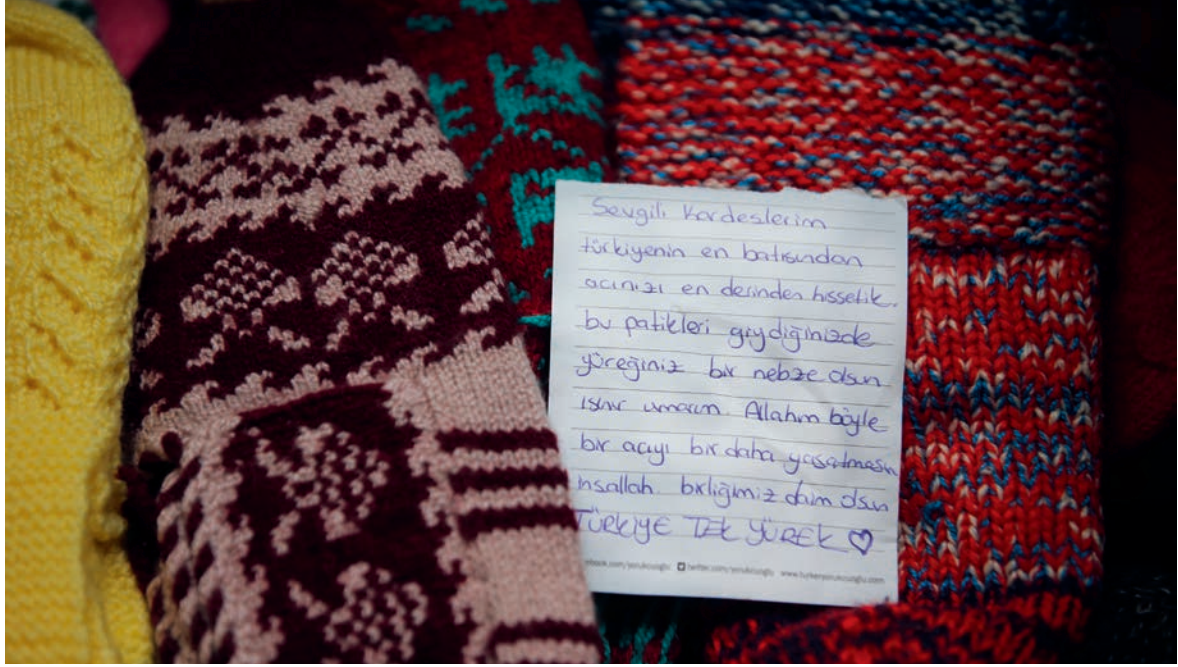
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Erciyes Association for the Disabled mobilised to sew fleece jackets for the people in the earthquake-affected areas.



Teachers and students at a vocational high school in the Tatvan district of Bitlis province manufactured stoves for earthquake victims.



Earthquake victims hosted in Mersin are provided glasses free of charge.



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Volunteer pharmacists from Mardin and Şırnak provide service to earthquake victims in Adıyaman.



In Sinop, women sew bedlinen for earthquake victims.



The women in Çankırı make toys for child victims.



Toys are being collected for the children affected by the earthquakes from all over Türkiye.



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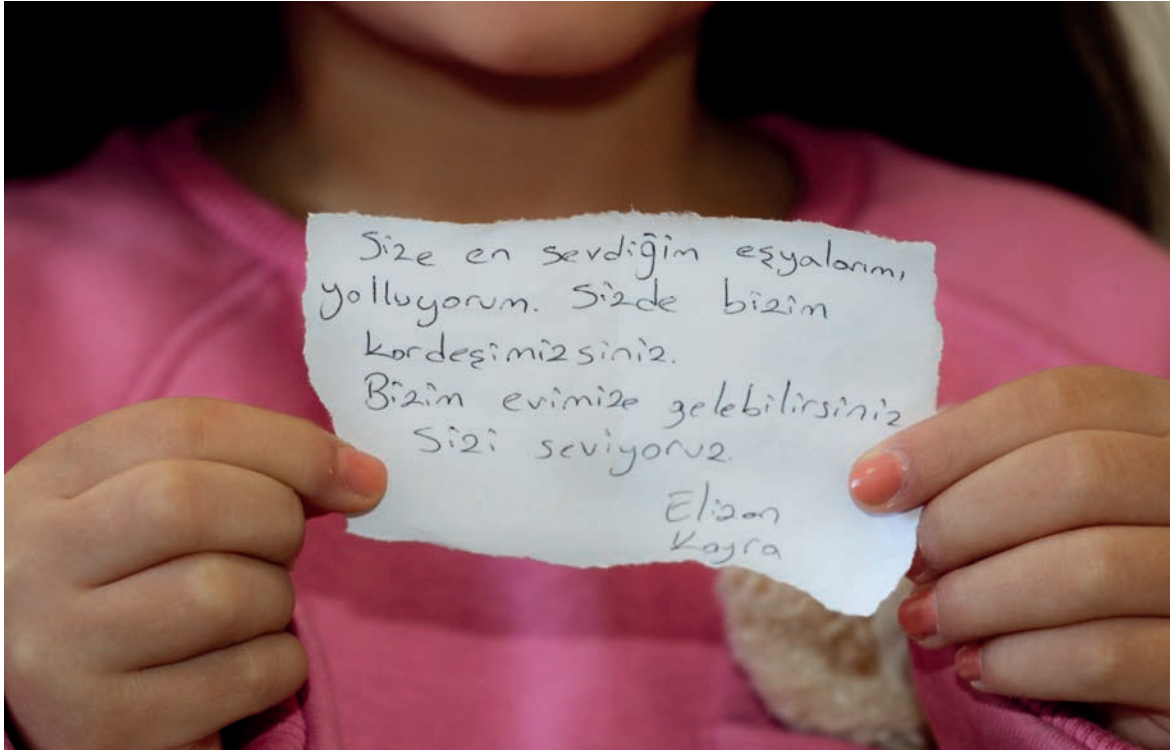
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The notes included in the aid sent by children from all over the country to the earthquake zone touch the hearts.

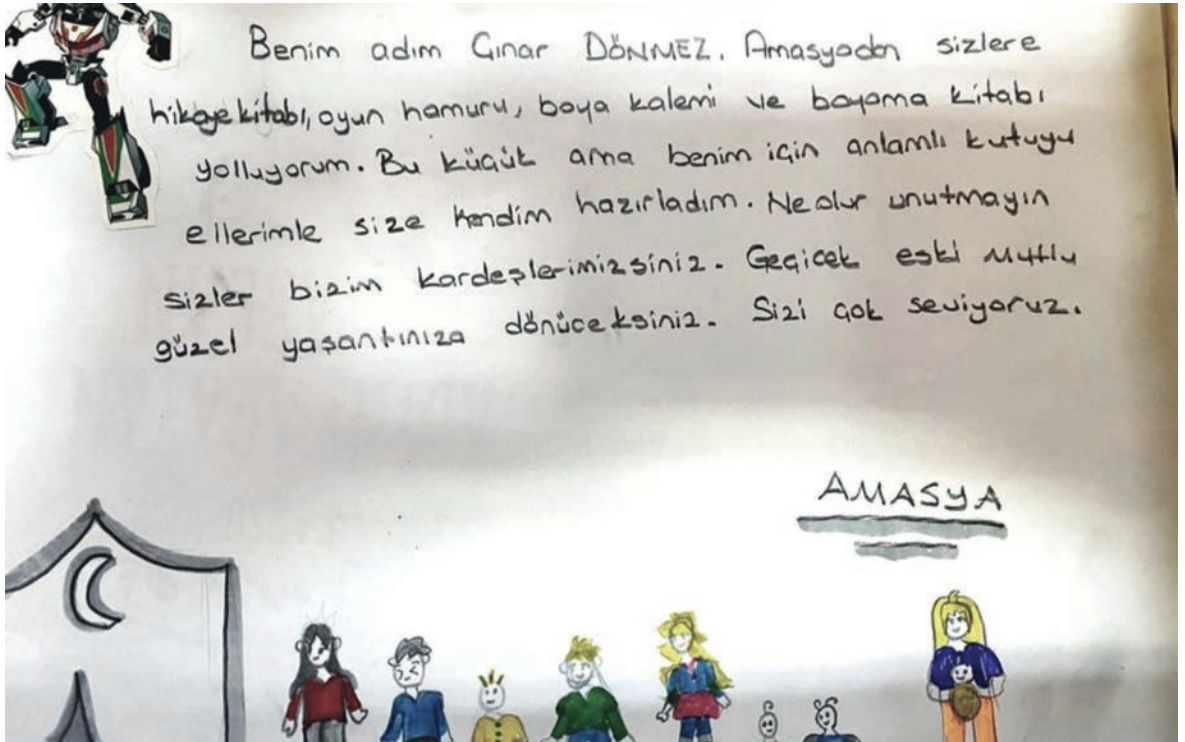
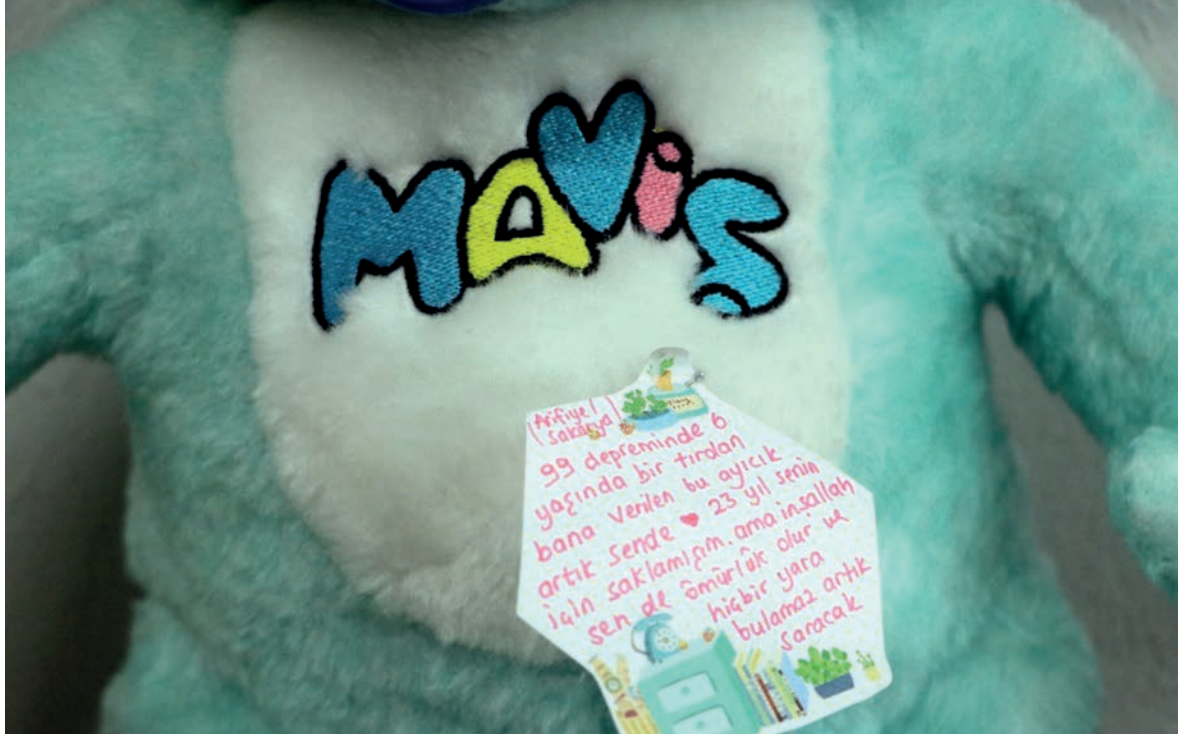


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ALLAH size daha güzel evler
♥♥♥♥😊😊
versin. çocuklar hep gülün😊
Ali CELİP😊

Merhaba ben ece
oyuncaklarımı bütün
çocuklarla paylaşmak
istiyorum
Sizi seviyorum



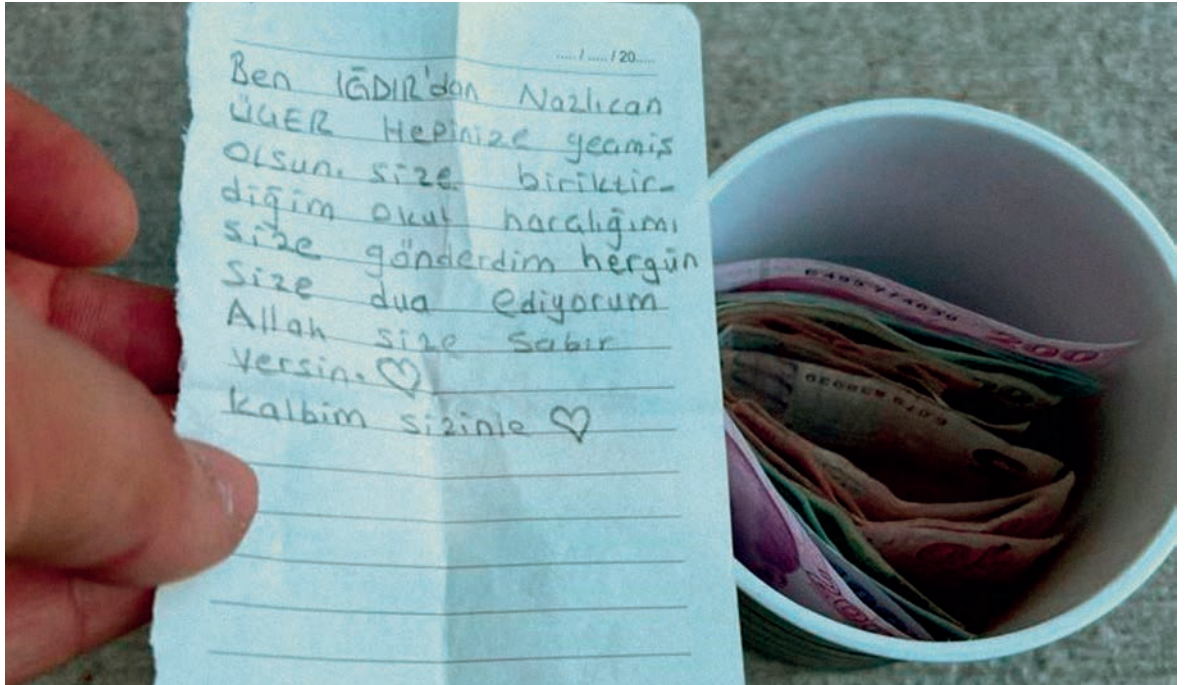
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Children donated their savings from their money banks to the victims of earthquake.



For earthquake victims, charity sales of design products, literature, and food are organised, along with workshops.



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Entertainment programmes are organised for earthquake victims and their families that travel from the earthquake zone to different cities in Türkiye. Clowns, face painters, balloon artists, and trainers provide children with enjoyable theatre plays, musical performances, and magic shows.



The child victims who came to Ardahan toured Lake Çıldır by sleigh.



The children of the tent city express their dreams through graffiti on the walls.



Child victims continue to receive psychosocial support.



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Students from all over Türkiye
donated their pocket money to
earthquake victims.

THE DISASTER OF THE CENTURY

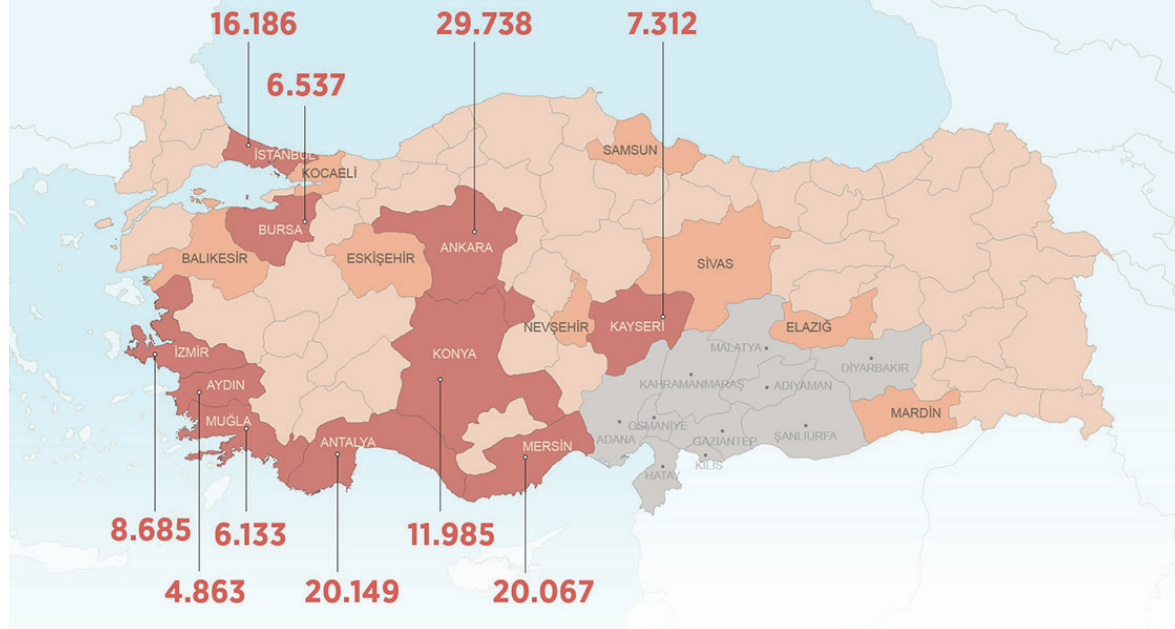
217.000 students affected by the earthquake transferred to other cities

March 6, 2023

 **217.246** students were transferred to other cities

Number of students

- 0-2000
- 2001-4000
- 4001 and above



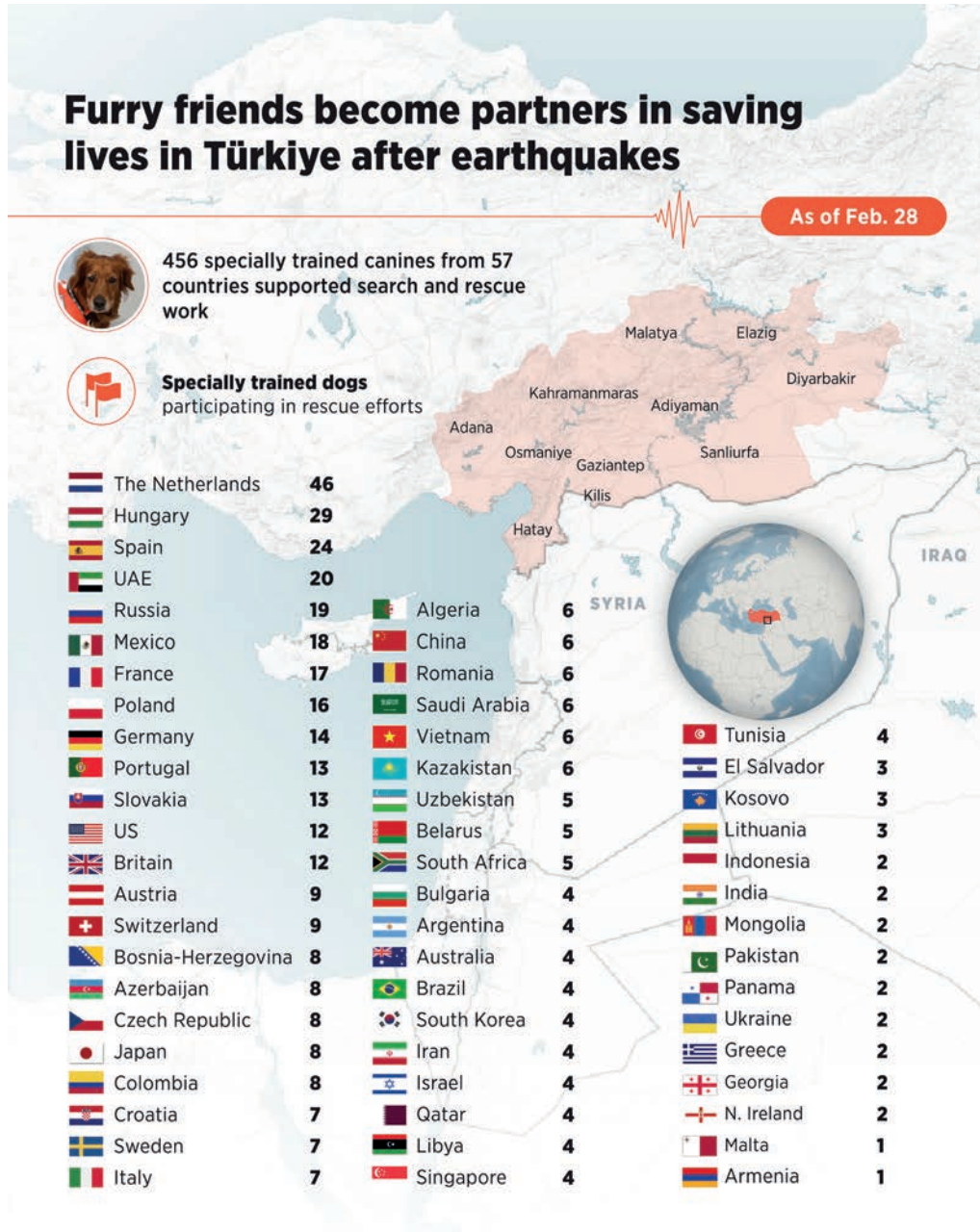
Students who were displaced by the earthquake started attending classes in their new schools.



5.2. International Support and Solidarity

Immediately after the earthquake that struck in the early hours of February 6, Türkiye issued an international call for assistance, informing the countries and international organisations of its need.

Upon this call, more than 80 countries sent more than 7,000 personnel to the operations in the field, including humanitarian aid, search and rescue efforts, and establishment of a field hospital.



At NATO Headquarters in Brussels, all flags were lowered at half-mast in solidarity with Türkiye, and mourning began.



After the earthquake, a lot of countries and international organisations expressed their condolences and sent aid messages to Türkiye.

Messages of aid, support rain in from world after Türkiye quakes

After earthquakes in the southern province of Kahramanmaraş and its surrounding provinces, many countries and international organizations sent Türkiye messages of support and assistance

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

- NATO
- EUROPEAN UNION
- UN OFFICE FOR THE COORDINATION OF HUMANITARIAN AFFAIRS (OCHA)
- THE INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION OF RED CROSS AND RED CRESCENT SOCIETIES (IFRC)
- WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION (WHO)
- INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION OF MIGRATION (IOM)
- UN CHILDREN'S FUND (UNICEF)
- UN HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR REFUGEES (UNHCR)
- INTERNATIONAL ATOM ENERGY AGENCY (IAEA)
- WORLD FOOD PROGRAM (WFP)
- UN ORGANIZATION OF EDUCATION, SCIENCE AND CULTURE (UNESCO)
- UN DISASTER RISK REDUCTION OFFICE (UNDRR)
- INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION OF WORK (ILO)

The global business community continues to assist the earthquake-affected areas.

DISASTER OF THE CENTURY

Global businesses maintain aid campaign after Türkiye earthquakes

The global business world continues to offer a helping hand to areas hit by last week's quakes that were centered in the province of Kahramanmaraş

February 16, 2023 As of 12.00 a.m.

SOME OF THE INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES THAT HAVE PROVIDED CASH AND IN-KIND SUPPORT

TÜRKİYE

Companies listed on the map include: Abbott, Abbvie, Adidas, ALDI, Allianz, Amazon, AmersourceBergen, Apple, AtlasAI, BASF, Bayer, Binance, BlackRock, Boeing, Caterpillar, CBRE, Chegg, Chery, Chevron, Chobani, Cigna, Cisco, Citi, CMC METAL, Coupa, Deutsche Bank, Deutsche Telekom, Dynatrace, Edison International, ExxonMobil, FedEx, Flexport, GE Healthcare, Google, GOVA, Hana Financial Group, Harman, Henkel, Johnson & Johnson, Kellogg's, KION Group, KPMG, Logitech, Lufthansa, Maersk, Marks & Spencer, Mastercard, McDonald's, MediaMarkt, Mercedes-Benz, Meta, Metro, Mitsubishi Electric, Hyundai, IKEA, Inditex, Honeywell, Kaiser Permanente, Moderna, Novartis, Novo Nordisk, P&G, Palo Alto, PayPal, Pearson, Pepsico, Plume, Porsche, Posco, Prudential, Red Hat, Rosatom, Royal Bank of Canada, Samsung, Schwarz, LIDL, Kaufland, Servier, Sibur, Siemens, Sony, SpartanNash, Starbucks, SunExpress, T-Mobile, Telstra, Tostitos, Tesco, Trane Technologies, Uber, UPS, Vodafone, Volkswagen, Xerox, ZIM, Zscaler.

Search and rescue teams from other countries, particularly from the neighbouring ones, mobilised to rescue earthquake victims trapped beneath the rubble.



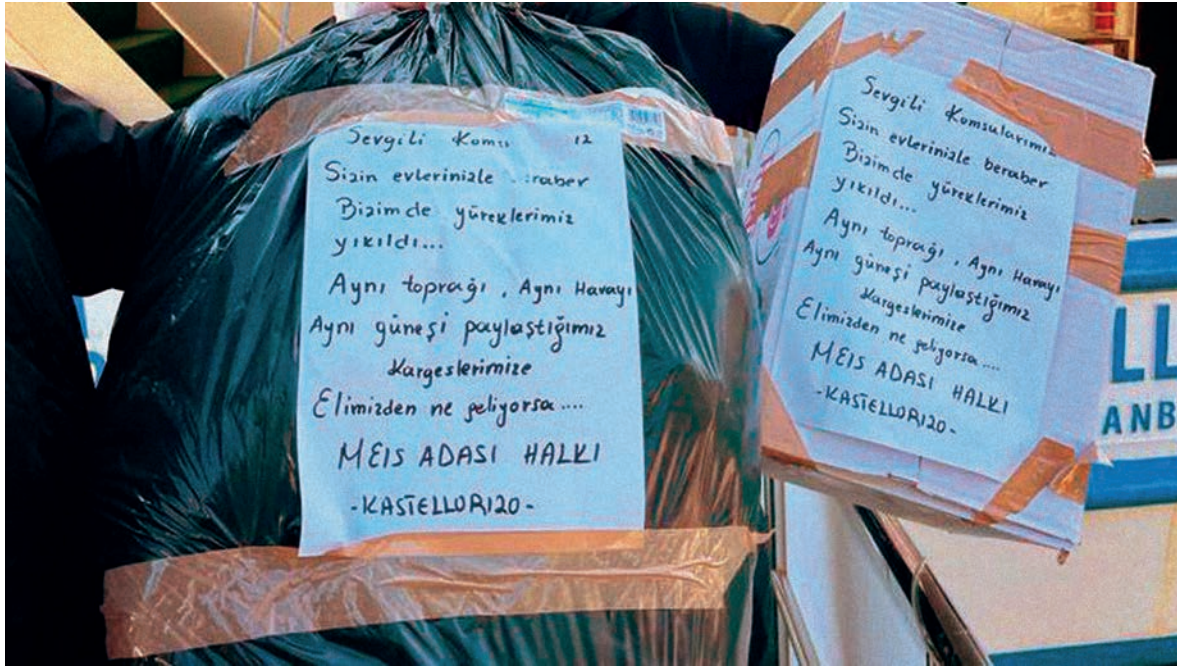
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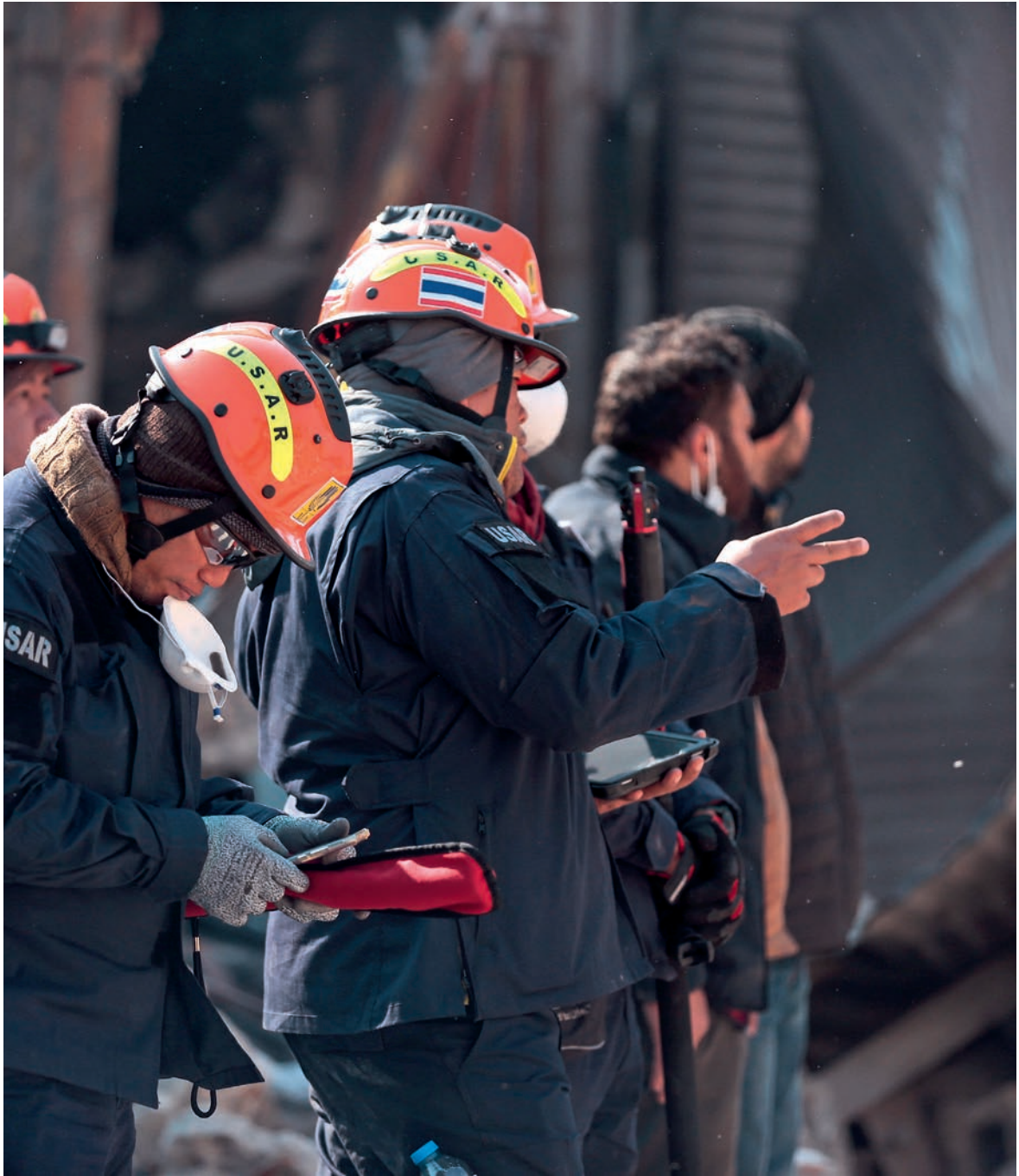
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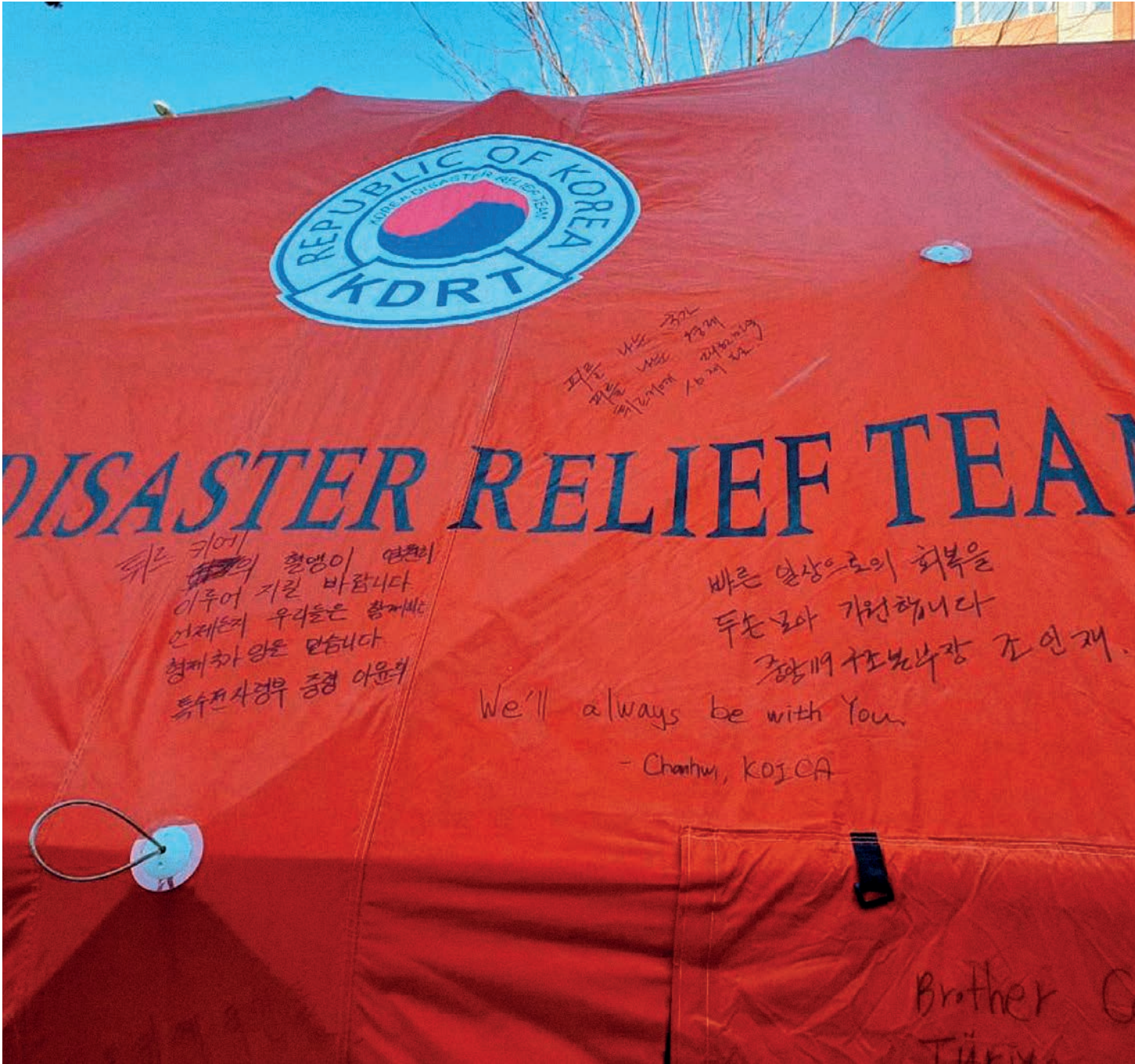






Search and rescue teams from all over the world







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In addition to aid from the EU countries to American countries, aid from from Arab countries to Far East countries, from Balkan countries to North and Central Asian countries and aid from Pacific countries, a large number of African countries with very low economic development levels also send aid to Türkiye in a variety of areas such as housing, health care, and food.



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Nomadic Tent Site for Solidarity was established for earthquake victims with tents from Kyrgyzstan and Kazakhstan.



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A campaign to collect toys for children affected by the earthquake was launched in Bosnia and Herzegovina.



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The photograph of Azerbaijan's Server Beşirli, who set out to deliver the aid supplies he had loaded onto his car to the center for aid collection in Baku, became a symbol of international aid.





Turkiye
appreciates
your support

is T
u
t



Türkiye
United more
than ever

After the disaster, the hearts of
the people around the world
were united for Türkiye

Messages such as “The disaster of the century,” “Türkiye appreciates your support,” “Türkiye is united more than ever,” “Hold onto hope,” “Heroes are born,” and “Sorrow fills our hearts” were displayed on billboards in New York’s Times Square.



The statue of Christ the Redeemer in Brazil, was illuminated in memory of those who lost their lives in the earthquakes in Türkiye.



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A solidarity event for earthquake victims in Türkiye and Syria was held in Gaza.



A ceremony was held in New Delhi, India's capital, to commemorate those who died in the Kahramanmaraş earthquakes, dubbed the "disaster of the century," and to show solidarity with earthquake victims.



Kathimerini, one of the most widely circulated newspapers in Greece, emphasised their solidarity with the Turkish people by saying, “We are all Turks.”



Giniyat Azhar

3 ч. · 🌐

Түркиядағы жойқын жер сілкінісінің ауқымы мен көптеген адам шығыны бүкіл әлемді дүр сілкіндіріп, әрқайсымыздың өзегімізді өртеді. Медицина қызметкерлері табиғи апат салдарынан қаза тапқан азаматтар үшін бауырлас түрік халқының қайғысына шын жүректен ортақ.
... Ещё

To demonstrate their solidarity with the Turkish people, Kazakhs post the phrase “We are together” alongside Kazakh-Turkish flags on social media.



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Following the Kahramanmaraş-centered earthquakes, various artists from around the world posted artistic works to their social media accounts in solidarity of the earthquake victims.

The artist "Alpgenart", known for his collage pieces depicting monthly striking events, shared a snapshot of an earthquake in the eyes of a sobbing person from his account.



Digital Artist Hüseyin Şahin shared his graphic design on his Instagram account named “artside”.



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After the disaster of the century, South Korean artist Myeong-Minho expressed his condolences with a touching illustration, reflecting the 73-year-old bonds of brotherhood between Türkiye and South Korea.



6. POST-EARTHQUAKE RECONSTRUCTION AND RECOVERY EFFORTS

Following the earthquakes in Kahramanmaraş, search-and-rescue teams were immediately deployed to the region and started humanitarian operations. Following these operations, the course of the action was evaluated, and reconstruction and recovery efforts were initiated in the region.



FIND OUT HOW DAMAGED YOUR BUILDING IS



It is possible to be informed about the extent of damage to your buildings by entering your address and Turkish ID number via **e-Government** or **www.hasartespit.gov.tr**.

Severely or moderately damaged buildings for which damage evaluations have yet to be conducted should **NEVER** be entered.

Housing Services

Directorate of Housing Development Administration and the General Directorate of Emlak Konut work for the construction of temporary housing sites consisting of masonry structures, prefabricated buildings, and containers for earthquake victims under the coordination of the Ministry of Environment, Urbanisation, and Climate Change.

Work has begun on creating temporary housing sites.







Container cities established to house earthquake victims until the reconstruction and restoration work is completed.



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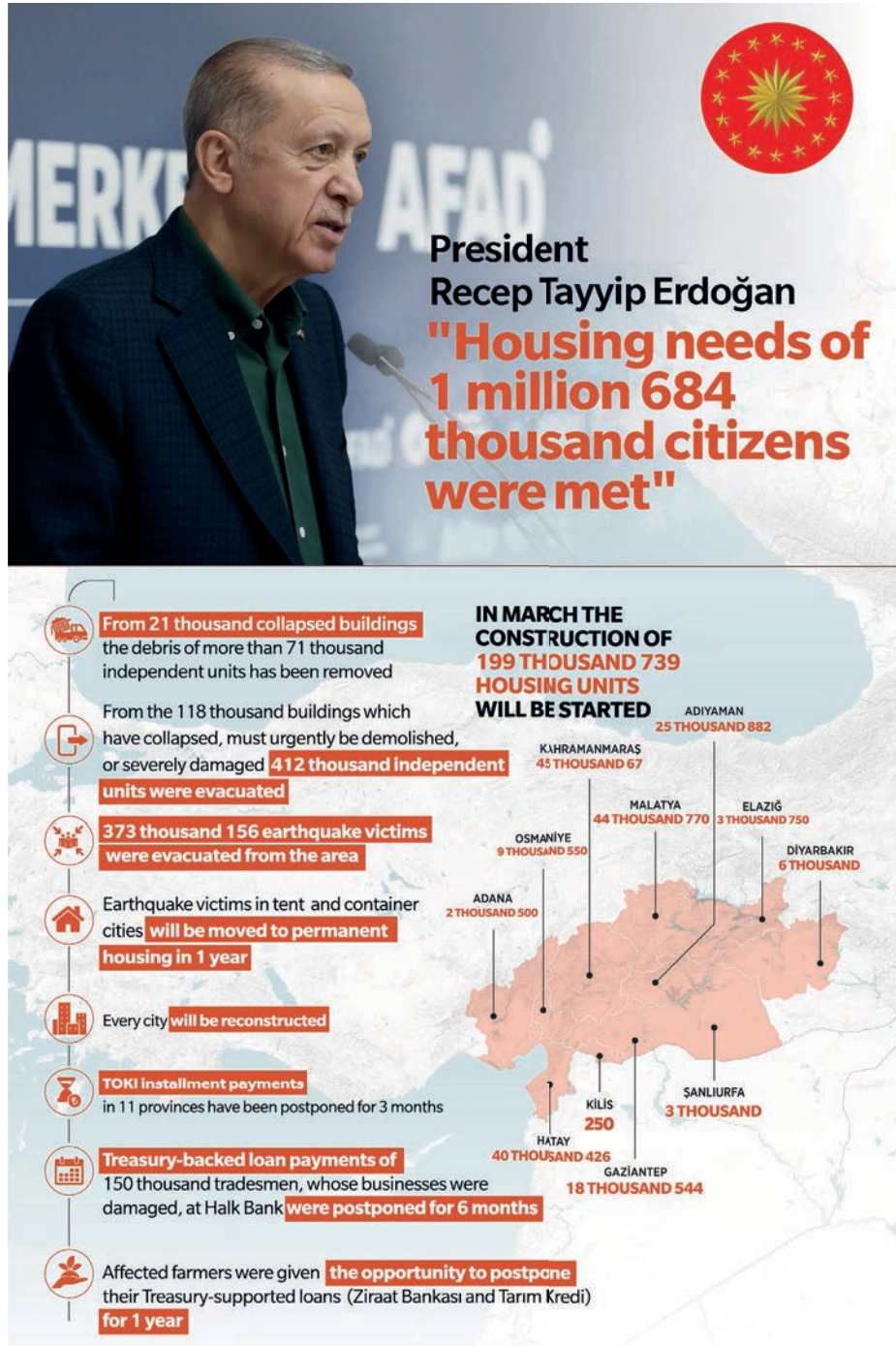


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President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan stated that in the aftermath of the earthquakes, described as the disaster of the century, all necessary steps would be taken to assist hundreds of earthquake survivors in regaining their lives as soon as possible, and that cities, with their residences, workplaces, and cultural assets, would be revived.



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In cooperation with provincial administration, non-governmental organisations, and academics, a new building plan is produced without increasing the vulnerability of the residents, and a road map is designed for the construction and recovery phase.


THE DISASTER OF THE CENTURY



February 22, 2023


10-point description of the reconstruction and recovery process in the earthquake zone





-  All disaster risks will be assessed in potential settlement areas
-  Surveys to determine the ground's earthquake resistance will continue
-  Options such as reconstruction restrictions and building density reduction will be evaluated based on ground examinations of the old residential areas
-  Locations without liquefied soil will be determined
-  The distance to fault lines will be calculated
-  The focus will be on 'the settlement model from the plains to the mountains.'



-  The raft foundation tunnel formwork system will be used in all structures.
-  Structures will be designed to reflect the city's culture, art, natural and historical texture, sociology, and demographic structure

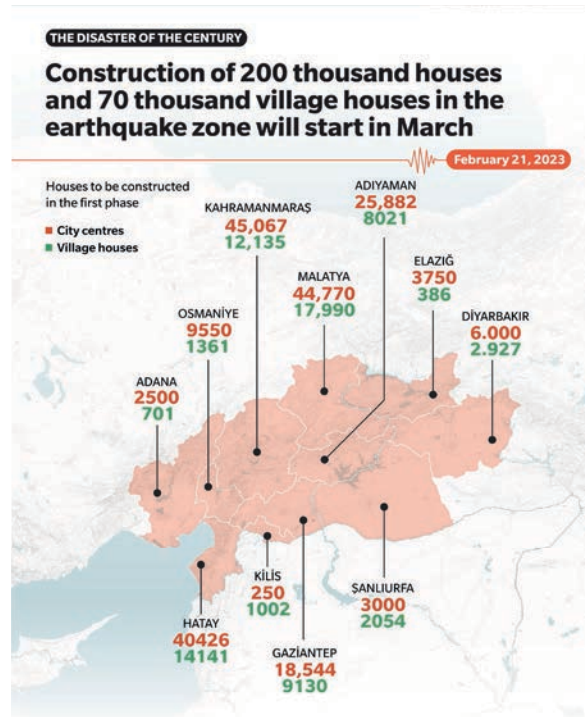


-  The houses to be built by TOKİ will have no more than 3-4 floors
-  Universities, scientists, engineers, architects, and urban planners will be involved at all stages of the process

It has been stated that the cities' historical characteristics and demographic structures will be preserved, and that they will be restored and strengthened. The most exact and stable foundation will be determined through scientific research, and then construction of the housing will commence.



In the earthquake zone, 200 thousand residences and 70 thousand village houses will be constructed beginning in March. The construction of disaster housing will be horizontal and in accordance with local architectural norms.






Safe, healthy, and locally appropriate village houses with a barn, garden, and an original design will be built.



Infrastructure Services

Following the earthquakes, 98 per cent of the drinking water infrastructure in 11 provinces was repaired, excluding heavily damaged areas.

INFRASTRUCTURE WORKS



Personnel
400

Vehicle
142

**Ministry of Environment,
Urbanisation and Climate Change**

- İlbank completed the damage assessment process for drinking water and started the repair process.
- Except for heavily damaged areas, **98%** of the drinking water infrastructure in **11** provinces was repaired, and disaster victims were given access to drinking water.
- The existing drinking water facilities of all **172** local governments have been examined.
- Approximately **800** faults in **79** local governments' tanks, pumping stations, transmission lines, and other similar art structures have been repaired, with work continuing.



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The solar energy panels were installed in Gaziantep's İslahiye district to supply the power needs of the container city.



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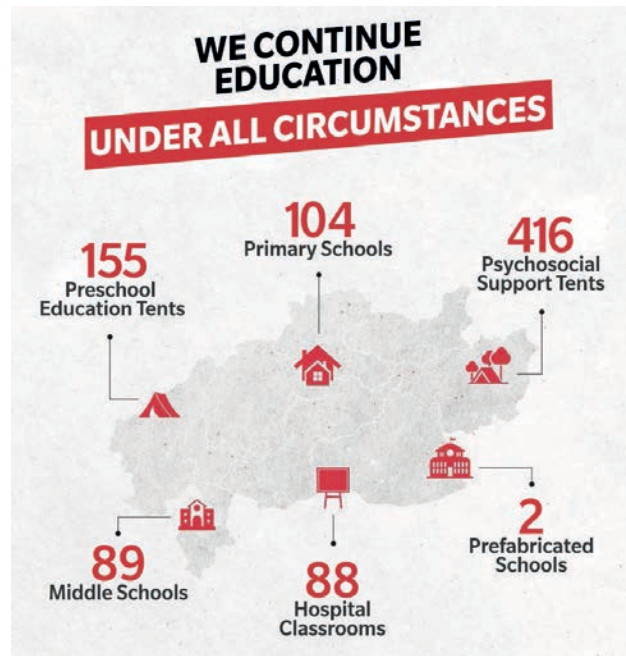
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Education Services

Students studying in earthquake-affected provinces are being transferred to schools in other provinces so that they can continue their education.



Although education has not yet commenced in certain provinces, 416 psychosocial support tents have been set up with the motto ‘continued education under all circumstances.’



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In 393 locations throughout eleven provinces, we offer support and training classes to all eighth- and twelfth-grade students who are interested. On March 1, classes began at 510 support and training education centers in eleven provinces hit by earthquakes.



The Ministry of National Education republished the required textbooks and auxiliary materials for eighth- and twelfth-grade students in 11 provinces and began constructing training kits containing all required stationery for distribution to students in the disaster area.



Agriculture and Livestock Services

The Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry continues to provide assistance to farmers, livestock breeders, and beekeepers affected by the earthquakes in Kahramanmaraş and Hatay in order to meet their needs and prevent any negative impact on the sector.



The Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry will provide beehive support to beekeepers in proportion to the number of beehives damaged by the earthquake.



EFFORTS OF THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY



Destroyed and Heavily Damaged Barn- Stable	Bovine Animals (Perished)	Ovine Animals (Perished)	Quantity of Milk Collected and Sent (Tonnes)	Quantity of Feed Sent (Tonnes)	Animal Tents Sent	Bovine Animals under Protection	Ovine Animals under Protection
14.004	8.462	65.561	23.402	15.909	7.454	1.374	3.981



WE SUPPORT OUR BREEDERS WHOSE ANIMALS PERISHED IN THE EARTHQUAKE DISASTER

- ✓ **The losses to our livestock farmers in the 11 provinces hit by the earthquake will be compensated in kind.**
Within this context;
- ✓ Our ministry will give away for free as many bovine and ovine animals as the number of perished animals that our bovine and ovine breeders have, as many poultry as the number of perished poultry that our poultry farmers have, and as many beehives as the number of damaged hives that our beekeepers have experienced.
- ✓ Also, the immediate sugar requirement for our 12 thousand beekeepers' 1 million and 483 thousand hives in 11 provinces will be fulfilled.

WE SUPPORT OUR FOREST VILLAGERS AFFECTED BY THE EARTHQUAKE DISASTER

We are delaying the loan instalments due between February 6 and July 31,2023, as part of the Forests and Village Affairs (ORKÖY) loans for which our forest villagers in provinces designated as disaster zones are eligible.

In this context, no application criteria will be sought, and the loan instalments for the Agricultural Development Cooperatives and roughly 3 thousand forest villagers totalling 11.3 million TL, have been postponed until December 31, 2023, without interest.

Economic and Financial Services

All capabilities are utilised in the most efficient manner so that the earthquake-affected citizens can recover economically and financially.

» In an attempt to alleviate the suffering of our earthquake-affected citizens and to rebuild the infrastructure of our provinces, we have been employing our budget and all of our resources in the most efficient manner possible.

» Initially, starting with AFAD (Disaster and Emergency Management Presidency); we allocated 100 billion Turkish liras to meet the urgent cash needs of all our public institutions and organisations.

» We make sure that all of our institutions' earthquake-related resource needs are met as quickly as possible. We have transferred approximately 17 billion Turkish liras to AFAD to date.

» Each of our earthquake-affected families receives 10,000 Turkish liras in financial assistance, while our relocated citizens receive 15,000 Turkish liras.

» We offer 100,000 Turkish liras in cash to the relatives of our brothers and sisters who perished in the quake so that they can meet their immediate needs.

» We also provide between 3,000 and 5,000 Turkish liras per month in rental assistance to our citizens that reside outside of container cities.

» Additionally, as part of our President's great housing mobilisation initiative, we, as the Ministry, provide all necessary support for the completion and handover of the residences of our earthquake-affected citizens within one year.

» Our Ministers continue to hold meetings in each quake-stricken area. We assess the demands and make prompt decisions.

» In order to mitigate the effects of the earthquake disaster on our citizens and business community, we have enacted a number of tax regulations immediately.

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With the loan arrangements made, those affected by the earthquake have been given flexible payment options for their obligations.

TAXATION MEASURES

» All in-kind and cash donations and aids made against receipts for aid campaigns initiated by our government are considered discounts in determining the tax base. This includes all donations made to AFAD and Turkish Red Crescent accounts.

» Furthermore, all in-kind assistance made by our citizens to AFAD or the institutions and organizations to which AFAD directed citizens for donations, whether through goods in their inventories or purchases, are tax deductible.

» VAT will not be calculated for donations and aids made to AFAD and public institutions, and businesses may be able to discount the VAT incurred on donated goods.

» For our citizens affected by the earthquake, we do not collect VAT or Accommodation Tax for accommodation services that are provided free of charge by accommodation facilities.

» On the other hand, given the extraordinary circumstances in the region, we immediately took the necessary steps to facilitate the documentation process for fuel sales.

» We have ensured that those whose debts have been paid in instalments receive a "no debt" letter before they have paid 10% of their debts, which will be implemented until the end of July.

TAXATION MEASURES

» On the date of the earthquake, we declared force majeure in ten provinces that were severely impacted by the quake: Adana, Adıyaman, Diyarbakır, Gaziantep, Hatay, Kahramanmaraş, Kilis, Malatya, Osmaniye, and Şanlıurfa.

» Then, we put under the scope of force majeure the quake-hit Elazığ and the Gürün district of Sivas.

» Accordingly, we have postponed until the end of July the tax-related liabilities of our 671 thousand active taxpayers registered in this region from the date of the earthquake.

» The March, May, and July 2023 instalments of the taxpayers to the tax offices have been postponed until August, October, and December 2023 pursuant to the end of the force majeure.

» We have prolonged the instalment periods for our citizens who benefited from the structuring laws (numbered 7256 and 7326) that we enacted during the pandemic from February to the end of July.

» Also, we are able to set up interest-free payment plans for up to 24 months to settle tax bills owed to local tax offices.

» In order to help meet the need for temporary shelter in quake-hit areas, we also enacted tax-facilitating measures without delay. By the end of this year, the VAT rate on the delivery of prefabricated buildings and containers has been cut to 1%.

» We have made it possible to request a cash return of the VAT refund claim arising from discounted-rate deliveries of prefabricated buildings and containers by 2023.

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CREDIT ARRANGEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL SUPPORTS

» Taking into account the urgency of the needs of our earthquake victims, we provided various facilities through public tenders in an effort to expedite the processes.

» We deferred for six months without interest the interest-supported loan payments made by Halk Bank to approximately 150.000 tradesmen and craftsmen whose workplaces and businesses were damaged.

» We also postponed the Treasury interest-supported loans of our farmers in the earthquake zone for 1 year without any interest.

» In addition, we provide our farmers with feed subsidies of 500 TL per bovine (cattle, buffalo) and 50 TL per ovine (sheep, goat) animal.

» Unlike in the past, we provided our farmers in the earthquake zone with diesel and fertilizer support in cash rather than in kind. In this context, 3,4 billion Turkish liras were deposited into the bank accounts of our farmers last week.

» In addition to these, at the request of our citizens, we offer the option of deferring the maturity of the debts due to banks or due in six months by up to six months.

» Furthermore, we increased the total loan volume to 350 billion TL by adding 100 billion TL to the previously announced KGF (Credit Guarantee Fund) Packages with a loan volume of 250 billion TL.

» In addition, we have implemented two new packages as part of the Treasury Supported Guarantee System for businesses operating in earthquake zones.

CREDIT ARRANGEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL SUPPORTS

» We also provide additional assistance to our businesses through the Earthquake Zone Operating Expenses Support Package and the Earthquake Zone Investment Support Package, each with a guarantee limit of 20 billion TL and a total guarantee limit of 10 billion TL.

» On the other hand, we decided not to account for the maturity limits for consumer and vehicle loans, which were postponed at the request of our citizens. Thus, we made it possible for our banks to provide loans with longer maturities.

» We have doubled the instalment periods applied on credit cards until January 1, 2024, for our residents in the earthquake zone, while reducing the minimum payment rate to 20 percent.

» We have increased the total credit card limit for individuals whose income cannot be determined to 5,000 Turkish Lira.

» In addition, we have taken extra precautions to protect credit card holders from malicious individuals.

» In addition to these, we also facilitated the obtaining of the documents required from the companies for the use of loans in this process.

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REGULATIONS CONCERNING SHORT-TIME WORKING ALLOWANCE AND ASSURANCE

» Preparation for short-term working applications due to the regional crisis during this transitional period, during which employed citizens may take time off from working life, has been completed, taking into account our insured citizens and anticipating earthquake-related labour market damages.

» In provinces where a state of emergency (OHAL) has been declared, citizens who do not meet the requirements for Short-Term Working Allowance will receive Cash Wage Support.

» In addition, in order to protect employment during the state of emergency, a ban on the termination of employment contracts has been enacted, with certain exceptions.

» We have taken and will continue to take the necessary steps to protect our citizens from unfair treatment in the insurance industry.

» We immediately began making payments in accordance with the terms -of our Natural Disaster Insurance. There has been a payment of 1 billion Turkish liras for 8,612 damage files, and the payments continue.

» In our provinces where a state of emergency was declared, we also made premium payments for traffic insurance and mandatory earthquake insurance policies more convenient.

» We have extended the guarantee and collection period for lapsed policies until May 8, 2023.

» We have also decided not to charge additional premiums for traffic insurance policies that cannot be renewed on time.

» In addition to these initiatives, we have taken a number of countermeasures to prevent our citizens from becoming victims on the stock market following the earthquake. Consequently, we contributed significantly to the reduction of market volatility during this period.



After the initial response, helicopters were used to transport earthquake victims in critical condition to hospitals in the region.



Healthcare Services

Following the disaster, both the injured citizens rescued from the wreckage and other earthquake victims were treated in field hospitals with operating rooms, intensive care units, and observation rooms set up in the region, as well as city hospitals in various cities throughout Türkiye.



77 field hospitals were established in eleven earthquake-affected provinces.

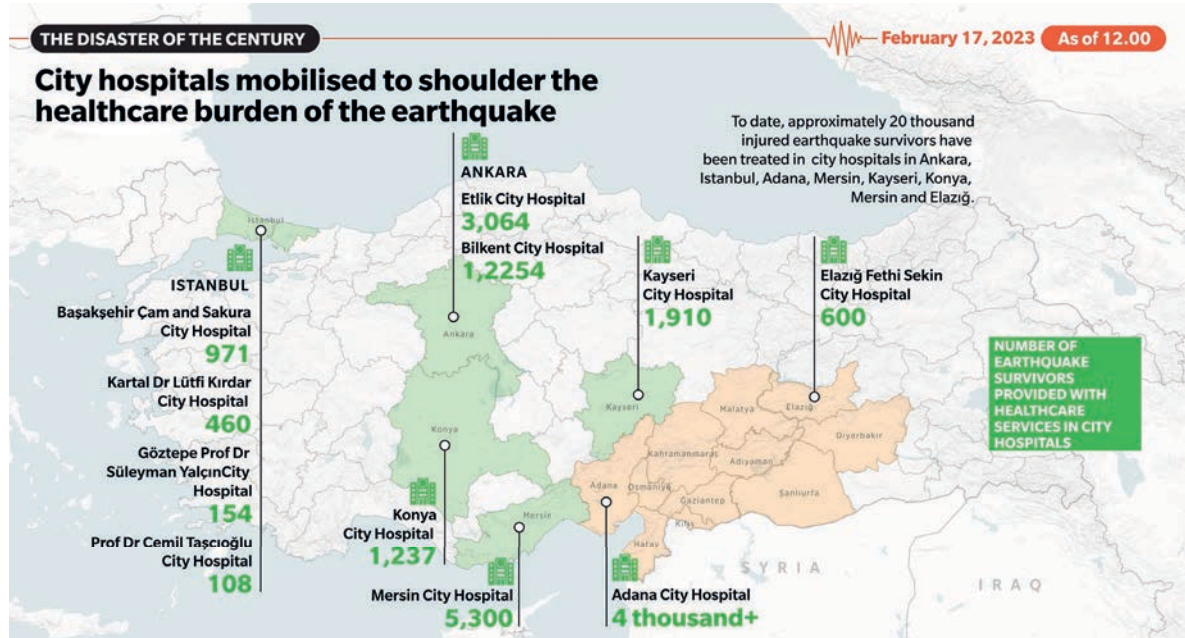


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Psychosocial support activities included an initial needs assessment and psychological first aid for earthquake victims and their families, as well as identification of potential risk factors, individual interviews, psychoeducation, group counselling and referrals. As part of psychosocial support teams, psychologists, social workers, and child development professionals provide services in the earthquake area.



Psychosocial support services included visits to tent cities, dormitories, guesthouses, hotels, and residences, as well as individual psychosocial interviews.



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Following the disaster, psychosocial support services for earthquake victims and their families were immediately launched.



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The Ministry of Health continues to provide primary health care services in earthquake-affected areas.





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The Ministry of Health launched the website <https://depem.saglik.gov.tr/> in addition to its efforts on the ground from the first day of the earthquake and has been providing information through the 184 hotline of the Ministry of Health Communication Centre (SABİM).

To avoid diseases spread by water and food following an earthquake



DEPREM.SAGLIK.GOV.TR

HAS BEEN LAUNCHED

SABİM
ALO 184

To find out which hospital your injured relatives are being treated at as a result of the earthquakes with epicentres in the districts of Pazarcık and Elbistan in Kahramanmaraş province,

YOU CAN CALL THE SABİM ALO 184 LINE.

REPUBLIC OF TURKEY
MINISTRY OF HEALTH

saglik.gov.tr

/SaglikBakanligi

The Ministry of Health continues to inform the public about potential health issues that may arise after the earthquake through publications, posters, and brochures shared on the Earthquake Information Platform.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

To find out which hospital your injured relatives are being treated at as a result of the earthquakes with epicentres in the districts of Pazarcik and Elbistan in Kahramanmaraş province.

YOU CAN CALL THE SABİM ALO 184 LINE.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

Food Safety

If you are staying in a temporary shelter:

- Do not leave the dinner food uncovered, and do not keep it for more than 2 hours.
- If possible, stock canned foods or foods packaged during production; always check the expiry date before eating/drinking them.

Do not eat/drink foods that have come into contact with water from an unknown source.

Never eat/drink foods/beverages to test their safety; if you have any doubts, throw them away.

Obtain information from the staff regarding the water you can use to wash raw vegetables and fruits.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

Food Safety

If you are staying in a temporary shelter:

- Do not eat/drink foods that have come into contact with water from an unknown source.
- Never eat/drink foods/beverages to test their safety; if you have any doubts, throw them away.
- Obtain information from the staff regarding the water you can use to wash raw vegetables and fruits.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

Diseases such as COVID-19, flu, cold, pneumonia, and measles are transmitted through respiration.

Four basic measures to protect against respiratory diseases and prevent disease transmission:

- When coughing or sneezing, cover your mouth and nose with a disposable tissue; if you don't have a tissue, cover your mouth and nose with the inside of your elbow.
- Make sure to wash your hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds or rub them with a hand antiseptic.

*Obtain information from officials regarding the supply and use of hand antiseptics.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

Diseases such as COVID-19, flu, cold, pneumonia, and measles are transmitted through respiration.

Four basic measures to protect against respiratory diseases and prevent disease transmission:

- Wear a mask if possible. Cover your entire nose, mouth, and chin with the mask.
- Contact the healthcare team/organization to be vaccinated.

*Obtain information from officials regarding the supply and use of masks.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

Drink bottled water and use it to brush your teeth.

Do not drink or brush your teeth with mains water until the District Governor's Office or the Governor's Office announces water safety in your area.

*Obtain information from officials regarding the supply and use of masks.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

To protect against communicable diseases in temporary shelters, particularly:

- Before handling food
- Before eating
- After contact with trash
- After using the restroom
- After changing your baby's diaper
- When your hands are visibly dirty

Make sure to wash your hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds or rub them with a hand antiseptic.

*Obtain information from officials regarding the cleanliness of domestic water in the temporary shelter, as well as the supply of hand antiseptics.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

Get a rabies vaccine immediately!

RABIES

- Rabies is a serious, vaccine preventable disease caused by the rabies virus.
- The disease is transmitted by a rabid animal's bite or scratch when an infected animal's saliva comes into contact with an open wound, eye, nose, or mouth.
- If you have been bitten or scratched, thoroughly wash the wound with running water and soap.
- Contact the medical teams or medical facilities in the temporary shelters as soon as possible.
- Follow the treatment and vaccination schedule prescribed by your physician.
- Pregnant women can get the rabies vaccine after consulting with their doctor.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

TETANUS DISEASE

Get a tetanus vaccine immediately!

- If you have scratches, cuts, or wounds on your body, contact the medical teams or health institutions in the temporary shelters immediately.
- Vaccination is the most effective way to prevent tetanus.
- Do not skip getting a tetanus shot if a healthcare professional recommends it.

*Pregnant women can get the tetanus vaccine after consulting with their doctor.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

TETANUS DISEASE

Get a tetanus vaccine immediately!

Tetanus is caused by the bacterium "Clostridium tetani."

Tetanus Transmission Routes

- Tetanus can be transmitted through cuts caused by objects such as nails, needles, nails contaminated with bacteria.
- Through the dust, soil, faeces, and saliva-contaminated wounds
- Dead tissue as a result of burns and accidents
- Through the umbilical cord in newborns.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

How to Avoid Carbon Monoxide Poisoning

- The stove's chimney drain should exit the roof vertically, not horizontally from the wall.
- Stovepipe connections must be checked.
- The stove must be lit from the top.
- The stove should not be overloaded with lighting materials.

*If you suspect carbon monoxide poisoning, call 112 immediately or inform the nearest medical team.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

How to Avoid Carbon Monoxide Poisoning

- The space containing the stove or heater must be ventilated frequently.
- Necessary precautions must be taken to reduce the risk of fire.
- Fires should not be lit inside tents.

*If you suspect carbon monoxide poisoning, call 112 immediately or inform the nearest medical team.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

Carbon monoxide is a colourless and odourless gas that enters the body through respiration and mixes directly with the blood, resulting in poisoning.

Signs of Carbon monoxide Poisoning:

- Nausea
- Headache
- Dizziness
- Drowsiness

*As carbon monoxide poisoning causes drowsiness, the symptoms are frequently overlooked.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

DON'T BE A DISEASE SPREADER!

- In the event of an earthquake, do not share information, news, photos, or videos about health and healthcare services on social media if you do not know the source and are unsure of its accuracy.
- Spreading misinformation or untrue content harms both the individual and society.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

Safe Water Use

- Tap water may be contaminated with microorganisms and thus be unsafe to drink.
- You can use tap water for household chores and personal cleaning.
- Use bottled water for drinking. Make sure the bottled water you drink is properly capped. If the water bottle cap is broken or open, do not drink it.

KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES

If you have a chronic disease

- Carry your medications with you if possible, and continue to use them on a regular basis.
- Inform the health authorities about your condition so that you can continue your treatment if you are missing or do not have any medications you regularly take.

Family and Social Services

Psychosocial support team of the Ministry of Family and Social Services is visiting earthquake victims in the city and districts. The team conducts needs assessments and assists those who have experienced psychological trauma.







Volunteers and psychosocial support teams assist child victims of the earthquake



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The Ministry of Family and Social Services meticulously identifies unaccompanied minors who had injuries when rescued from the wreckage and placed under treatment. Unaccompanied minors are housed in the relevant institutions of the Ministry.

The Ministry of Family and Social Services established a call centre and began using TÜBİTAK's "DerinGÖRÜ" facial recognition and match software to reunite unaccompanied minors with their families. The "DerinGörÜ" software was used to identify the families of over 150 unaccompanied minors in the earthquake zone.

The Natural Disaster Information section in the e-Nabız (e-Pulse) application now allows users to upload photos of first and second-degree relatives who were unable to contact them due to the earthquake.

The Ministry of Family and Social Services receives, transports, and manages in-kind assistance through the ALO 144 social assistance hotline.

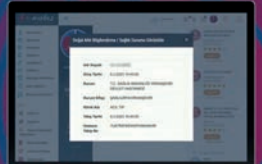
FACE RECOGNITION AND SMART TURNSTILE SYSTEM

DerinGÖRÜ (DEEP VISION)

DerinGÖRÜ Face Recognition and Smart Turnstile System is a system that uses face recognition technology to make card access systems used in facilities more powerful.

You can inquire about the health status of your relatives

(mother, father, spouse, siblings and children) using the Natural Disaster Information section.



e-nabız

DISASTER OF THE CENTURY

The Ministry of Family and Social Services' "ALO 144" hotline is used for in-kind aid.



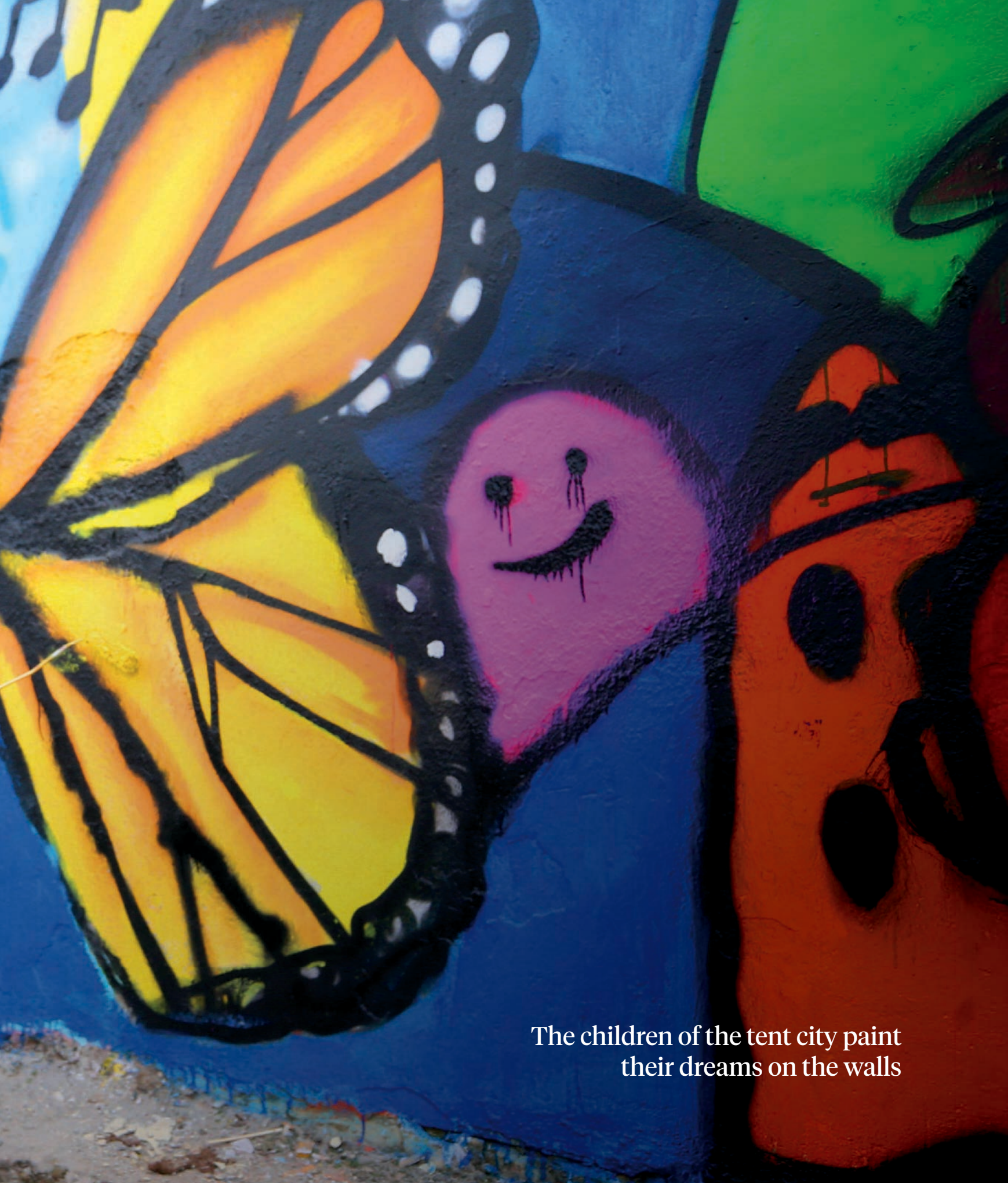
 Blanket	 Powerbank/Battery	<p>The Ministry stated that the social assistance line ALO 144 would be used for the acceptance, dispatch and management of in-kind aids</p> <p>Call ALO 144 to arrange for the delivery of in-kind aid to the earthquake zone.</p>
 Water (Parcel)	 Bed-Duvet-Cushion	
 Canned food	 Winter Wear for Adults	
 Beverage	 Winter Wear for Children	
 Baby Diapers	 Solid Fuel (Sack)	
 Shoes	 Cleaning and Hygiene Supplies	
 Food Parcel		
 Infant formula		
 Heater-Gas cylinder		
 Generator		

Hotline for Unaccompanied Minors Affected by the Earthquake

0501 730 10 50
0501 730 10 51
0501 730 10 52
0501 730 10 53
0501 730 10 54
0501 730 10 55
0501 730 10 57
0501 730 10 58
0501 730 10 59
0501 730 10 60

#WeAreALargeFamily





The children of the tent city paint
their dreams on the walls



**TOGETHER
WE SHALL HEAL
THE WOUNDS**









FEBRUARY 06, 2023

**KAHRAMANMARAŞ EARTHQUAKES
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